EPICS

Seminar

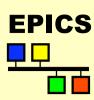


Channel Access Configuration

Kazuro Furukawa, KEK (Andrew Johnson, APS, USPAS1999)

EPICS

Configuration method



- CA clients and servers can be configured by setting environment variables
- ♦ On Unix:
 - ◆ csh, tcsh setenv VARNAME value
 - ◆ sh, ksh VARNAME=value; export VARNAME
 - printenv displays all variables from any shell
- On vxWorks:
 - ◆ putenv "VARNAME=value"
 - envShow displays all variable values
- Environment variables are inherited when you start a new program, not afterwards
 - Unix: Set the variables, then start the client
 - vxWorks: Set variables in the startup script
- ◆ Default values for a site are set at build-time in

```
<epics>/base/config/CONFIG_ENV and
<epics>/base/config/CONFIG_SITE_ENV
```

EPICS

CA name resolution



- Search requests for CA channel names are broadcast to all CA servers on the client's local TCP/IP subnet
- Only a server which recognizes the name will respond to the client
 - If identical record names exist in two IOCs, the first to reply "wins" the connection
- The client library then opens a connection with that server to access that channel
- Potential problems:
 - Not all LANs support broadcasting
 - Ethernet does, Token Ring doesn't
 - Some sites don't allow broadcasting
 - Bridges/hubs will not forward packets
 - Broadcasts are local to the machine's subnet
 - Sites can span more than a single subnet

EPICS

Configuring name resolution



- ♦ How to disable all broadcasts?
 - ◆ EPICS_CA_AUTO_ADDR_LIST = NO
 - Default value = YES
 - IOCs are also clients, so generate broadcasts
- How to find channels without broadcast?
 - ◆ EPICS CA ADDR LIST
 - ◆ List of IP addresses, separated by spaces setenv EPICS CA ADDR LIST "164.54.8.145"
 - This list is used in addition to broadcasts if these are enabled
- ♦ How to search other subnets as well?
 - ◆ Use a broadcast address in EPICS_CA_ADDR_LIST setenv EPICS_CA_ADDR_LIST "131.111.69.255"
 - Some routers will not pass broadcast addresses

EPICS

Connection health



- CA servers send out an "I'm still here" beacon ever 15 seconds
 - Usually broadcast, configurable as before
- If a server is quiet for 30 seconds, any connected clients will
 - send it an "echo" packet (not broadcast)
 - allow 5 seconds for it to reply
 - mark all channels to this server disconnected
- ◆ Potential problems:
 - Slow or busy links might introduce random delays, some longer than 15 seconds
 - Busy sites may want to reduce broadcast rates
 - Clients take 35 seconds to recognize when a server has died

EPICS

Configuring connection health



- How to change the server beacon period?
 - putenv "EPICS_CA_BEACON_PERIOD=30.0"
 - Default value is 15.0 seconds
- ♦ How to change the client timeout delay?
 - ◆ setenv EPICS CA CONN TMO 60.0
 - Default value is 30.0 seconds
 - This value determines how long a client takes to notice that a server has died (+5 seconds)
- The connection timeout must be longer than the beacon period, preferably twice
 - Breaking the 'preferred' condition could increase network traffic
 - Breaking the 'must be' condition can also cause random client disconnections

EPICS

Port numbers



- Channel Access uses two IP port numbers for its communication (UDP and TCP)
 - ◆ EPICS CA SERVER PORT
 - ◆ Default is 5064
 - ◆ EPICS_CA_REPEATER_PORT
 - ◆ Default is 5065
 - Both should be > 5000, check with sysadmins
- The settings for a server and all its clients must be the same
- Using different port numbers can allow independent projects to share a subnet without any danger of CA name clashes
 - Can also be used for application testing
 - No interaction is possible between projects

EPICS

Where am I — What time is it?



- An IOC gets Universal Coordinated Time from its boot host (UTC=GMT)
 - ◆ This is converted to local time using the server's value for EPICS_TS_MIN_WEST
- ◆ CA Servers report timestamp values using their local timezone
- ♦ How to tell a client that the server is in a different timezone?
 - ◆ setenv EPICS_TS_MIN_WEST -480
 - Default value is set by site manager (APS=360)
 - Gives server's timezone in minutes relative to GMT; negative means east of Greenwich
- Daylight savings changes are hard-coded into the IOC software.
 Changes may occur on the wrong date in some locations...