



Beam Property Management at SuperKEKB 7-GeV Injector Linac

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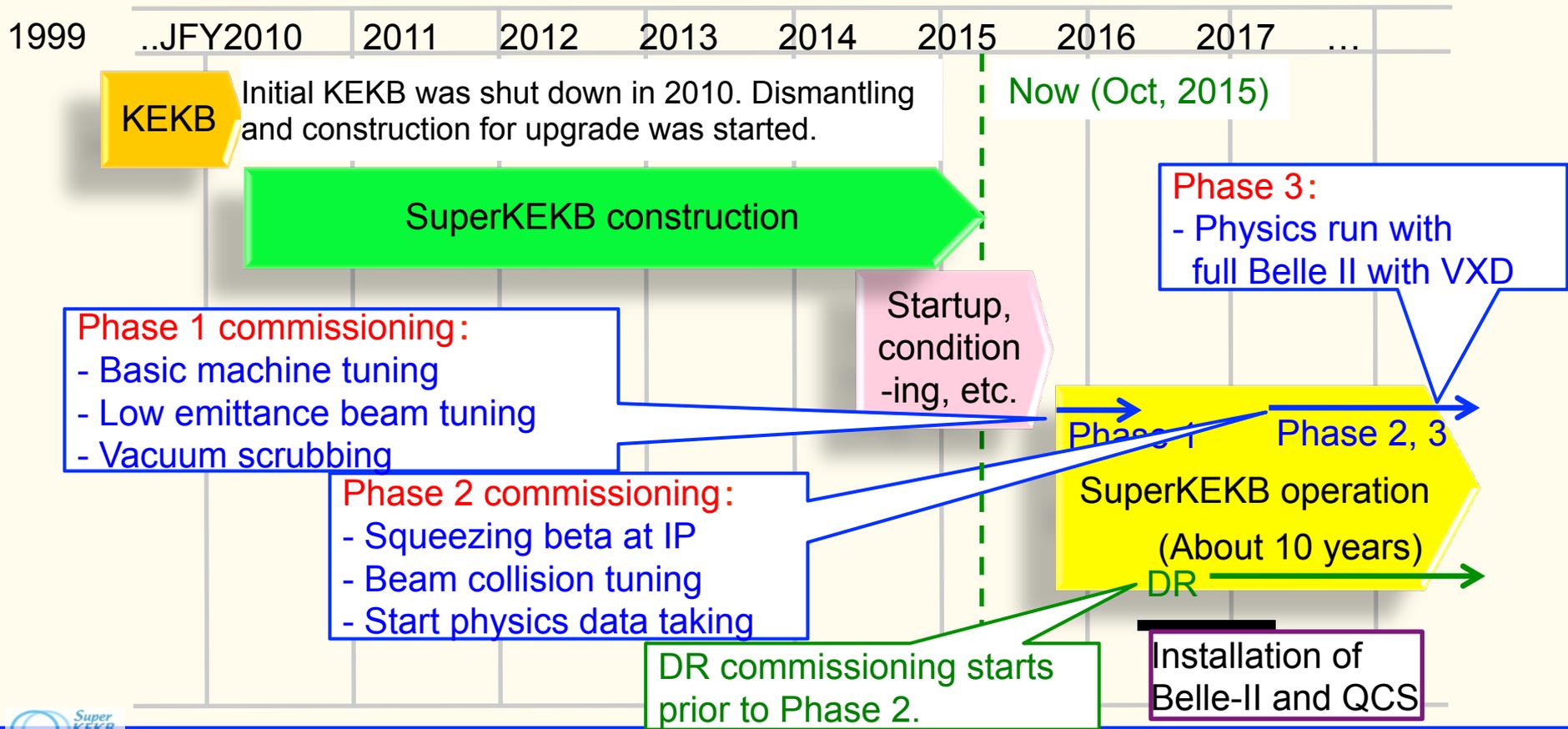
- ◆ **Overview**
- ◆ **Linac**
- ◆ **Challenges**
- ◆ **Device property management**
- ◆ **Beam property management**
- ◆ **Conclusion**



Linac Upgrade

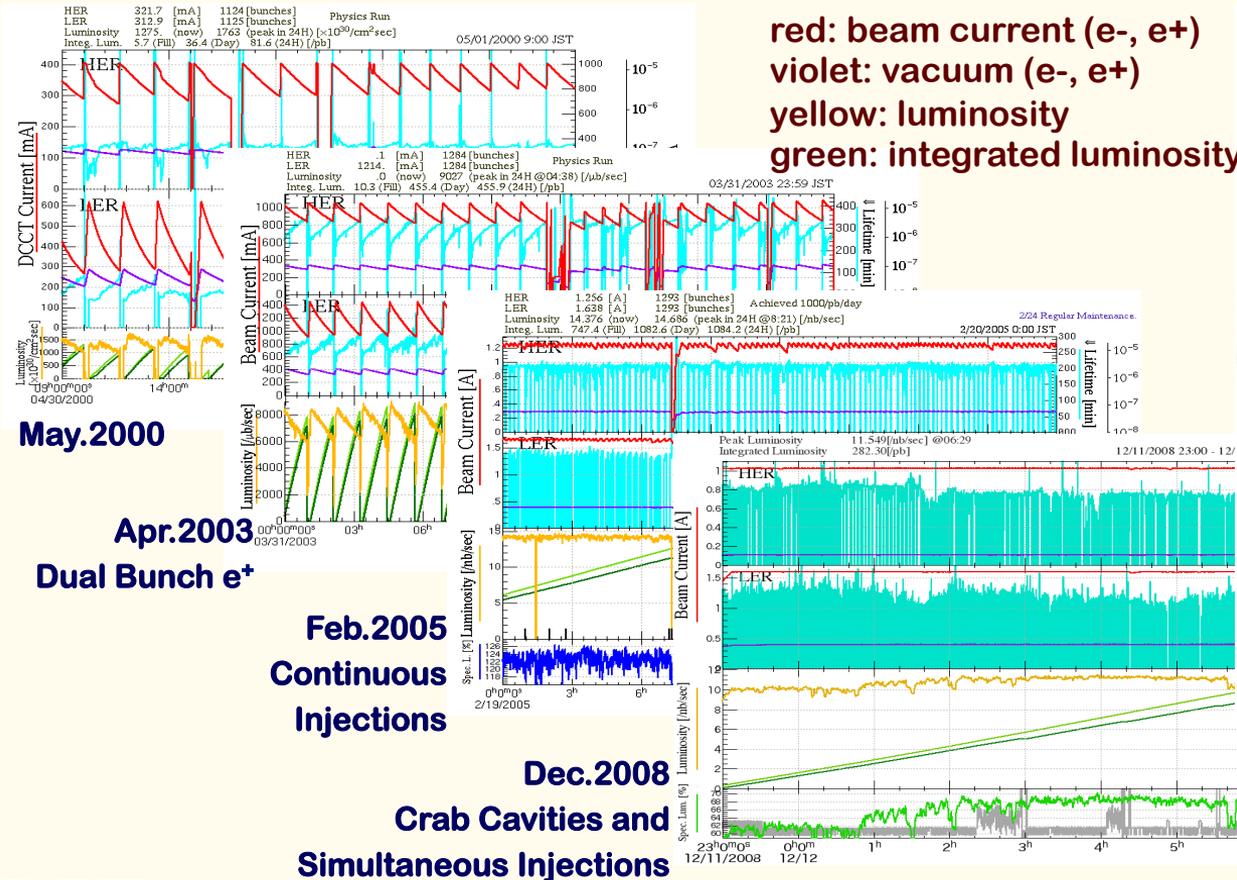


SuperKEKB Schedule



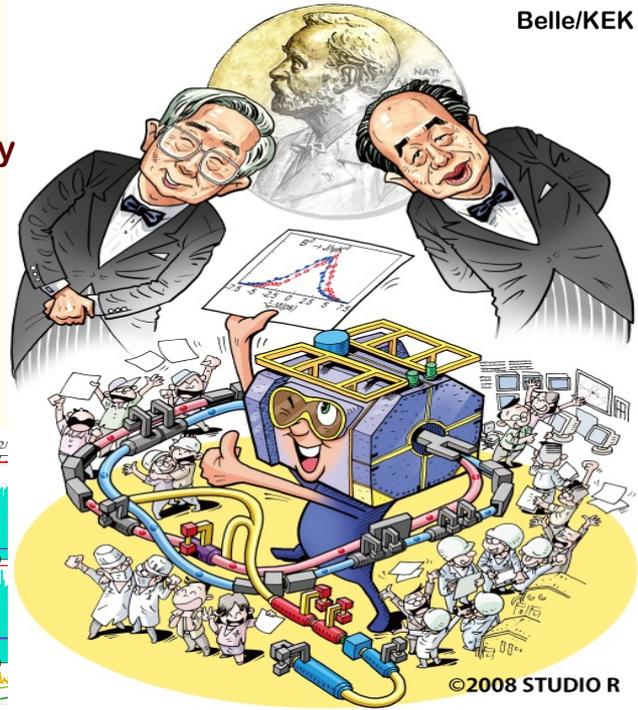


Initial KEKB Operation Improvements, base of SuperKEKB



red: beam current (e-, e+)
violet: vacuum (e-, e+)
yellow: luminosity
green: integrated luminosity

Belle/KEK



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May.2000

Apr.2003

Dual Bunch e⁺

Feb.2005

Continuous Injections

Dec.2008

Crab Cavities and Simultaneous Injections

Still world highest Luminosity





Mission of electron/positron Injector in SuperKEKB

◆ 40-times higher Luminosity for insight on the flavor structure of elementary particles

❖ 20-times higher collision rate with nano-beam scheme

- ✧ → Low-emittance even at first turn
- ✧ → Shorter storage lifetime

- Low-emittance beam from Linac
- Higher Linac beam current

❖ Twice larger storage beam

- Higher beam current at Linac

◆ Linac challenges

❖ Low emittance e-

- ✧ with high-charge RF-gun

❖ Low emittance e+

- ✧ with damping ring

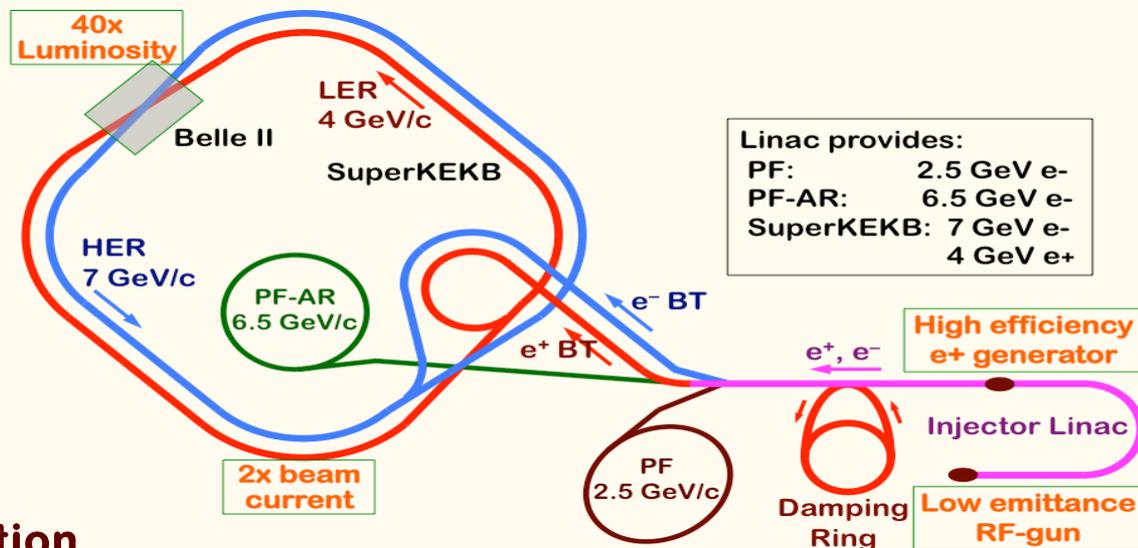
❖ Higher e+ beam current

- ✧ with new capture section design

❖ Emittance preservation

- ✧ with precise beam controls

❖ 4+1 ring simultaneous injection





Designed Beam Properties

	SuperKEKB	(initial) KEKB
HER (e-) Energy (GeV)	7.0	8.0
LER (e+) Energy (GeV)	4.0	3.5
HER(e-) stored current (A)	2.6	1.1
LER(e-) stored current (A)	3.6	1.6
HER/LER beam lifetime (min.)	6	~200
Pulse repetition(max) (Hz)	50	50
Bunch per pulse	2	2
Emittance (mm·mrad)	20	100~1000
Beam charge (nC)	5	1
Energy spread (%)	0.1	0.125
Damping ring	for LER (e+)	n/a
Simultaneous Top-up	4 rings (SuperKEKB e-/e+, PF, PF-AR)	3 rings (KEKB e-/e+, PF)



Linac Upgrade Progress towards SuperKEKB (1)

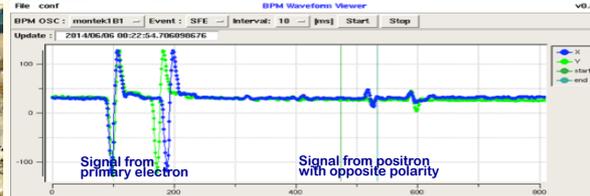
◆ High-charge low-emittance RF gun development

- ❖ QTWSC cavity and Ir₅Ce photo cathode works well



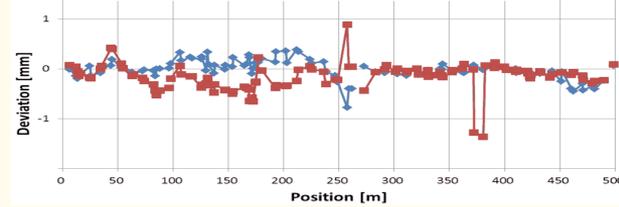
◆ Positron generation confirmation for the first time

- ❖ Good agreement with the simulation results



◆ Precise alignment for emittance preservation

- ❖ Recovering after earthquake
- ❖ Reaching specification of 0.3mm



◆ Utility upgrade during summer 2014

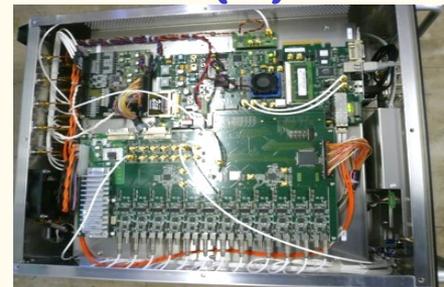
- ❖ for electricity (+1.5MW) and cooling water (+1400L/min)



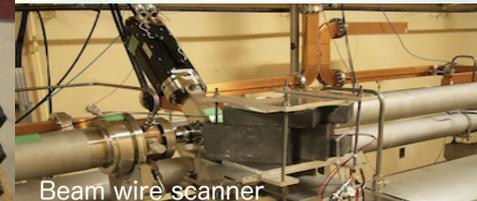


Linac Upgrade Progress towards SuperKEKB (2)

- ◆ **High power modulator upgrades**
- ◆ **Low-level RF controls/monitor**
 - ❖ Pulse-to-pulse modulation (PPM) between 4+1 rings
 - ❖ More spaces for increased number of devices
- ◆ **Beam instrumentation**
 - ❖ Large/small aperture beam position monitors (BPM)
 - ❖ Precise/fast and synchronized BPM readout system
 - ❖ Wire scanners and beam loss monitors
 - ❖ Streak cameras
 - ❖ (Deflectors, etc.)
- ◆ **Event timing control system**
 - ❖ Combination of MRF and SINAP modules
 - ❖ Essential for PPM operation
 - ❖ Precise timing & synchronized controls
 - ❖ Bucket selection at DR and MR



SINAP event modules



Beam wire scanner



Recent Works in Progress

#15 region



Iron shield

More shields for Phase-III

#A1 region



Thermionic gun

RF gun

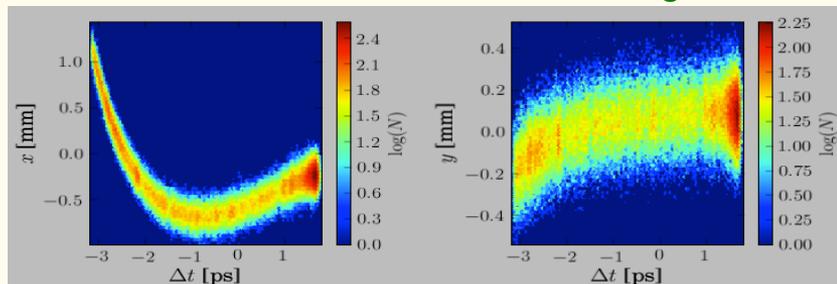
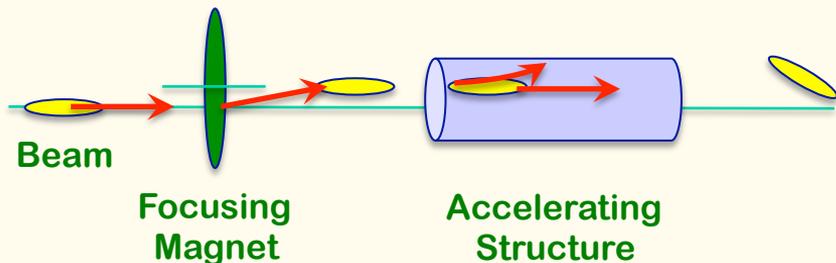


Device/Beam Property Management Challenges



Emittance Preservation and Alignment

- ◆ If Device is off center of the beam
 - ❖ Focusing magnet (quad) kicks the beam bunch
 - ❖ Accelerating structure (cavity) excites wakefield, to bend the beam tail
- ◆ Distorted bunch in banana shape
 - ❖ Projected emittance dilution or blow-up, even 100 times larger
 - ✧ Depending on the beam optics and the beam charge
- ◆ Alignment and orbit correction is crucial to preserve the emittance



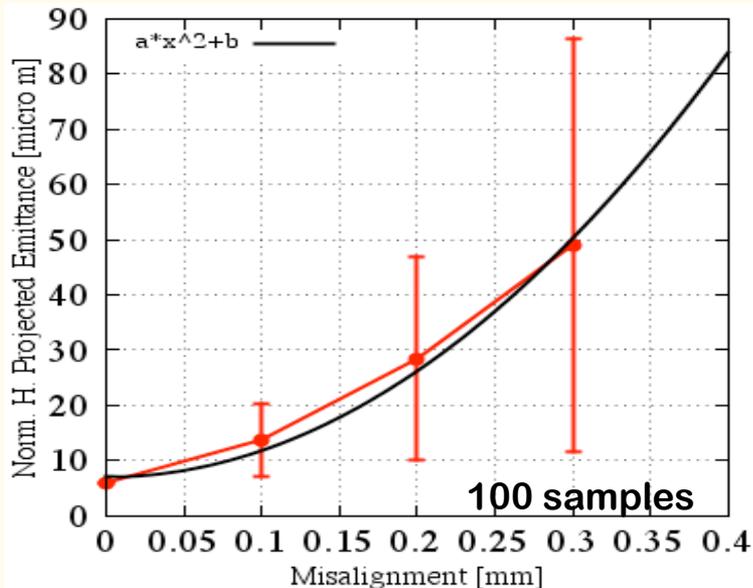
Transverse beam distribution in time direction



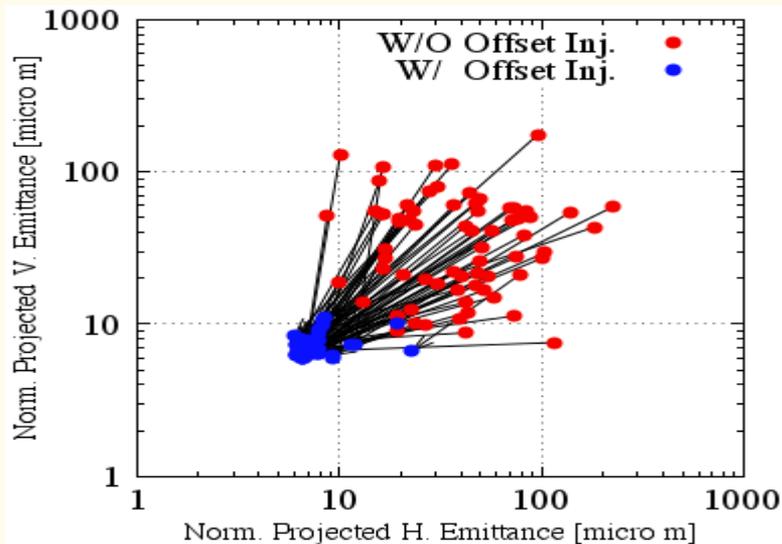
Emittance Preservation

- ◆ Initial offset controls should solve the issue
- ◆ Orbit have to be maintained precisely
- ◆ Mis-alignment should be $<0.1\text{mm}$ locally, $<0.3\text{mm}$ globally

Mis-alignment leads to Emittance blow-up



Orbit manipulation compensates it



Sugimoto et al.



SuperKEKB Controls

◆ Inherit Good part of KEKB Controls

❖ EPICS

- ✧ Robust basis, Software design efforts

❖ Scripting languages

- ✧ SADscripts, Python, ... → Bright new idea to be realized in a day

◆ EPICS Channel Access (CA) Everywhere

- ❖ Embed EPICS control software (IOC) everywhere possible
- ❖ Reduce efforts on protocol design, testing, etc.

◆ Dual Tier: Another layer in addition to EPICS/CA

- ❖ Event control system helps EPICS with another channel
- ❖ Additional functionality, synchronization and speed

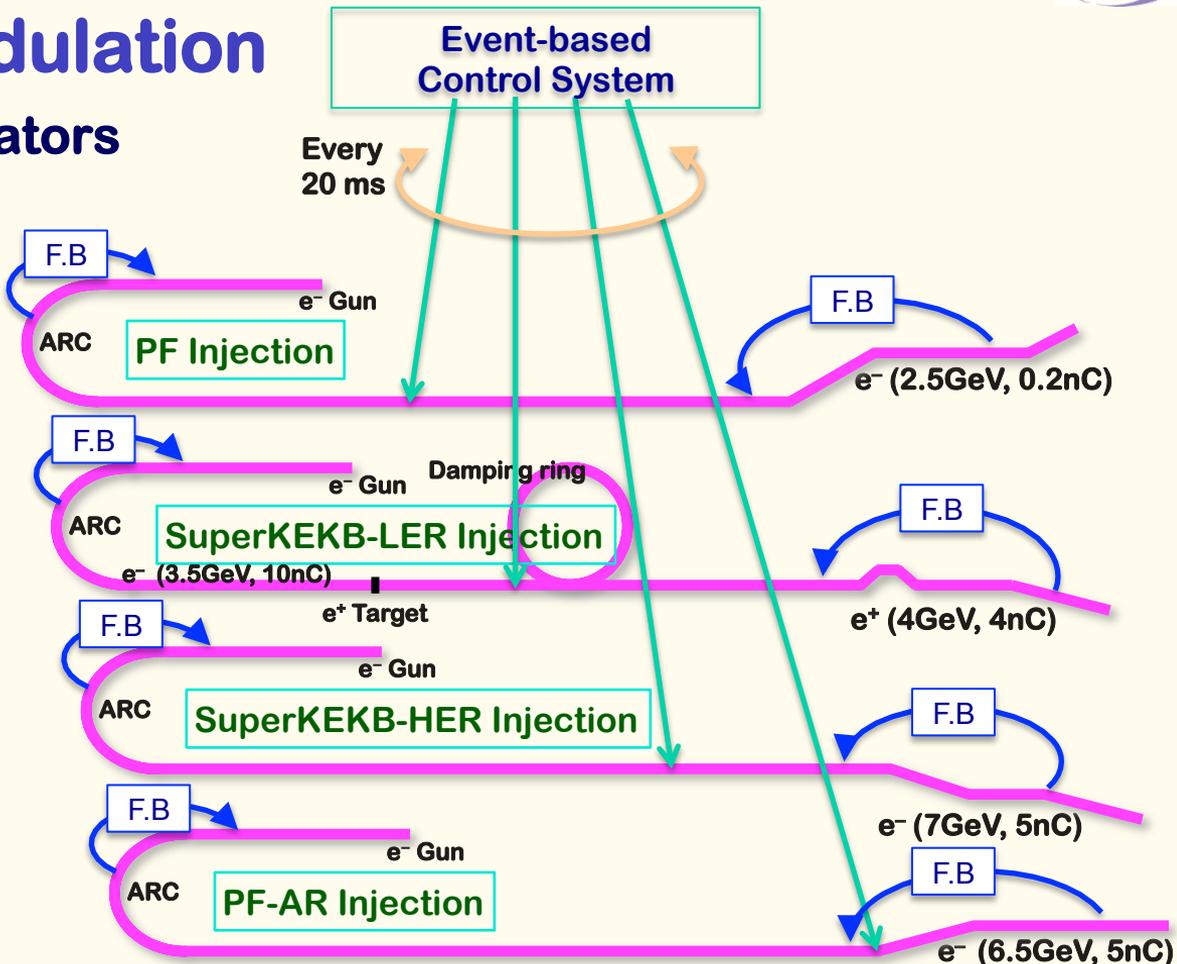


Pulse-to-pulse modulation

◆ Four PPM virtual accelerators for SuperKEKB project

based on
Dual-tier controls with
EPICS and event-system

Independent parameter sets
for each VA (20ms separate)
>200 parameters
for equipment controls
many more
for beam controls





Controls for Beam Property

◆ Beam property management

Equipment property management

Calibration, Conversion, Local-closed-loop

Beam controls

Position/Orbit, Charge, Energy, Emittance

Beam/Equip. instrumentation statistics

Online simulation

Collection of qualified databases

Tight group collaborations

Polishing algorithms, databases

Daily operational meetings

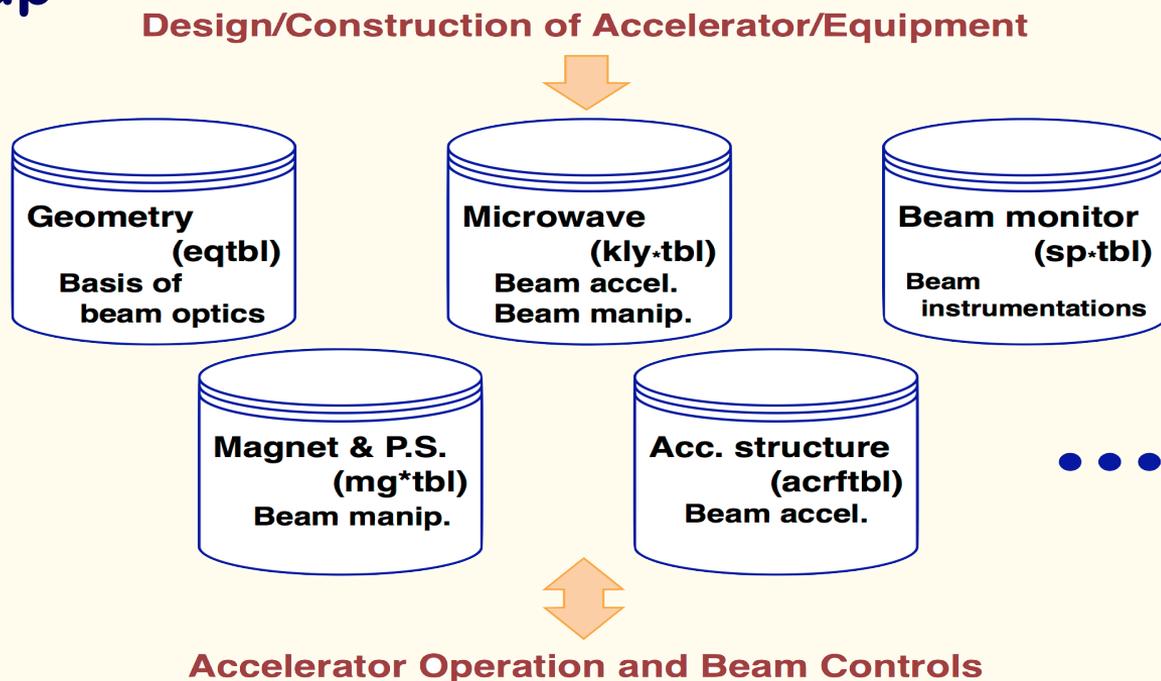
Supervisory operational software

Protection systems



Database

- ◆ Collection of databases defines the accelerator machine
- ◆ Each equipment group is responsible for its database
- ◆ Controls group is responsible for database to be applied in operation





Database (example)

◆ Magnets and power supplies

❖ beamline geometry (eqtbl)

✧ including mechanical and effective length

❖ hardware static information (mgtbl)

❖ magnetic field excitation characteristics (mgbtbl)

✧ polynomial function of degree up to nine at linac

◆ Newton's method for inverse function

◆ many other definitions are used in the ring for precision

◆ current starts from zero, or starts from maximum

❖ correction factors by beam operation (mgbftbl)

✧ data analysis using online simulation code



Beam Feedback Loops

- ◆ **Equipment has inherent instabilities caused by many sources**
 - ❖ At the beginning of the KEKB project, we had to install many feedback loops for beam energy, orbit, charge, etc.
 - ❖ Simple PID (mostly Proportional and Integral), with limits
 - ❖ Scripts for prototypes, then ePID on IOCs

- ◆ **SuperKEKB with demanding beam specification may require further considerations**
 - ❖ Emittance preservation
 - ❖ PPM virtual accelerator (VA) handling

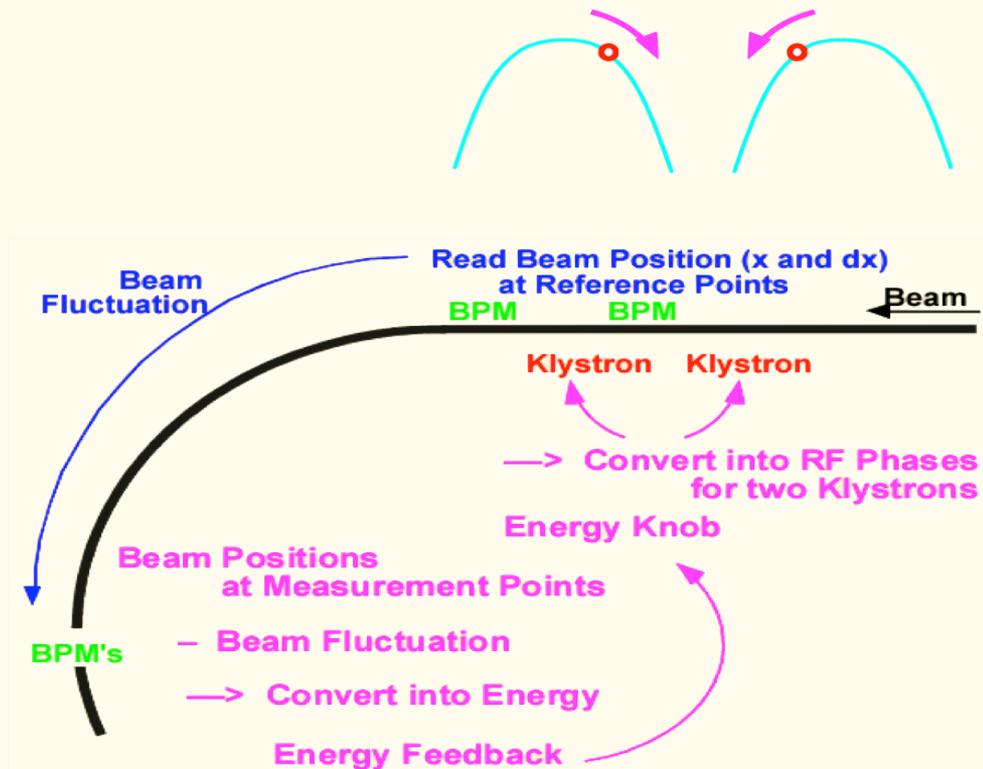
- ◆ **Simulation VA should help organizing the loops**



Energy Stabilization

◆ Energy instability was sometimes found

- ❖ Closed feedback loops were formed
- ❖ Beam positions were measured where dispersion function is large
- ❖ RF phases at adjacent stations were changed
- ❖ Loop parameters were beam mode dependent
- ❖ Energy spread feedback using multi-electrode monitor was also implemented





Energy management

- ◆ **Beam at the end of linac is dependent on ...**
 - ❖ maximum possible energy by accelerating structure
 - ❖ LLRF/beam crest tracking
 - ❖ energy spread minimization condition by LLRF
 - ❖ vacuum, discharge, power-supply statistical conditions
 - ✧ reviewed daily to protect equipment
- ◆ **Energy profile along linac affects ...**
 - ❖ overall beam optics conditions
 - ❖ emittance, stability, ...



Emittance management

◆ Beam emittance is dependent on ...

- ❖ equipment alignment, 0.3mm for 500m, 0.1mm for 10m
 - ✧ alignment drift should be monitored
- ❖ initial orbit to cancel beam profile distortion
- ❖ beam energy profile along linac should be kept
- ❖ beam position monitors for orbit-drift feedback loops
- ❖ PPM operation between very different energies and charges
- ❖ balance between fast/pulsed magnets and static magnets
- ❖ continuous database improvement
- ❖ algorithm should be polished



Implementations

◆ Database

- ❖ Initial: Text-based database is read by memory-resident dynamic hash database used by middle-layer controls, with peripheral management
- ❖ PPM virtual machines are separated using P.V. naming conventions
- ❖ Proper separation of database and algorithms is important for improvement
- ❖ Goal: Reasonable database management with more components into lower-layer controls (in EPICS IOC)

◆ Operational software

- ❖ SADscript environment will handle most of beam optimizations
 - ❖ Well-designed interface would be provided through channel access
- ◆ Needs balance between stability/performance and rapid-prototyping as the machine usage would change daily
- ❖ should be investigated in the commissioning phases I, II and III



Summary



Summary

- ◆ **Beam property management will face another level of challenges**
- ◆ **Will start with qualified schemes that was confirmed in initial KEKB**
- ◆ **Will make progressive improvements up to Phase-III and so on**
- ◆ **Database content quality and separation from algorithm is important**
- ◆ **Well-designed interface is provided**
- ◆ **Algorithms for now are in scripts for present performance requirement**
- ◆ **Will balance between final beam quality and progressive operation**
- ◆ **Will select optimized route depending on available resources**
- ◆ **With some Phronesis we may enjoy coming beam commissioning**



