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Canadian Nuclear Commission canadienne Safety Commission de sûreté nucléaire

Regulatory Experience and Developments Related to Accelerator Isotope Production

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> WAO 2012 August 6, 2012 Menlo Park, California, USA



nuclearsafety.gc.ca

Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission



Established May 2000, under the *Nuclear Safety and Control Act (NSCA)* Replaced the AECB of the 1946 *Atomic Energy Control Act*

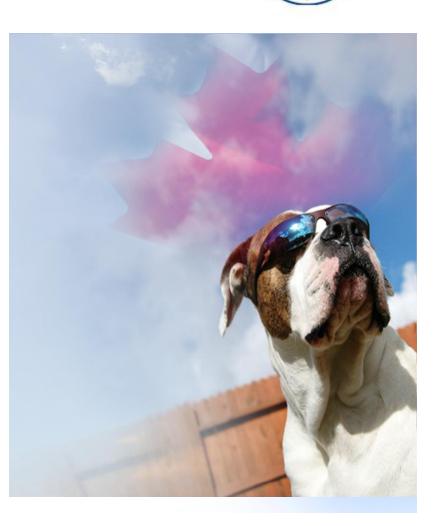
Celebrating 66 years of nuclear safety!



Our Mission Is Clear

protect the health, safety and security of Canadians and the environment; and to implement Canada's international commitments on the peaceful use of nuclear energy

Canada's nuclear watchdog



CNSC Regulates All Nuclear-Related Facilities and Activities

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Nuclear fuel cycle

- Uranium mines and mills
- Uranium fuel fabricators & processing
- Nuclear power plants
- Waste management facilities

Other facilities and activities

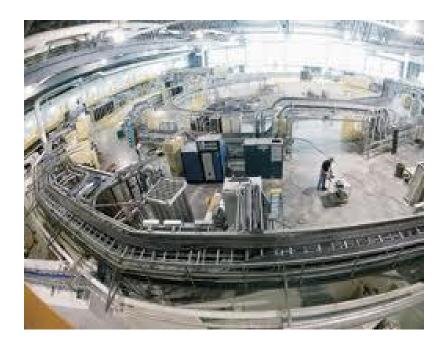
- Nuclear substance processing
- Industrial and medical applications of nuclear substances
- Research and educational facilities
- Export/import of controlled nuclear substances, equipment and technology

...From Cradle To Grave

...Including Particle Accelerators



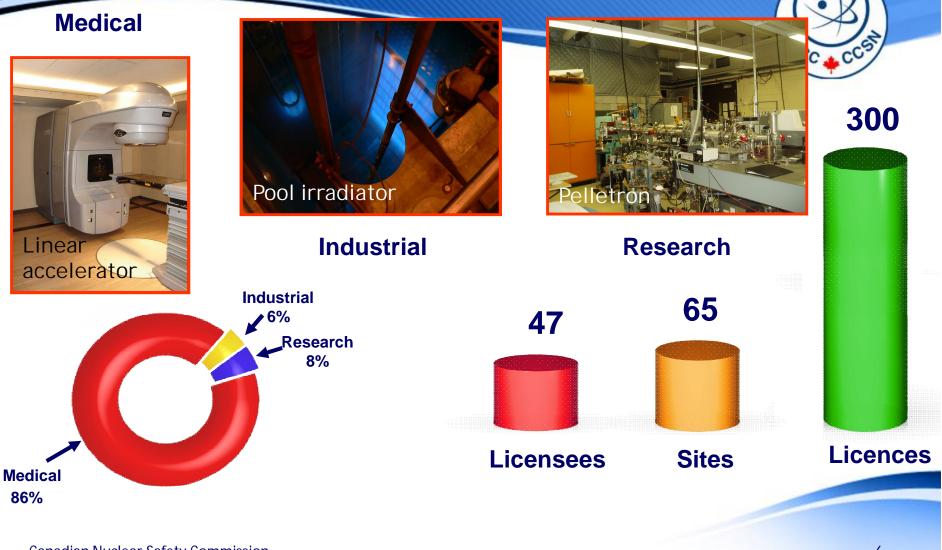
High Energy above 50 MeV (Class I)





Lower Energy (Class II)

Class II Nuclear Facilities in Canada



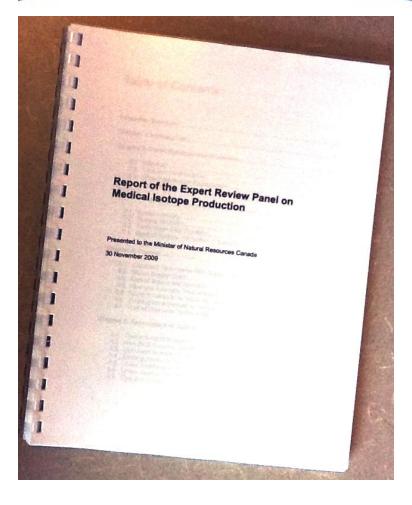
Medical Isotope Shortage and Government Response

- Medical Isotope Shortage after extended shutdown of NRU reactor 2008 -2009
- Government initiatives to secure supply and develop alternatives
 - Expert Review Panel
 - NISP and ITAP





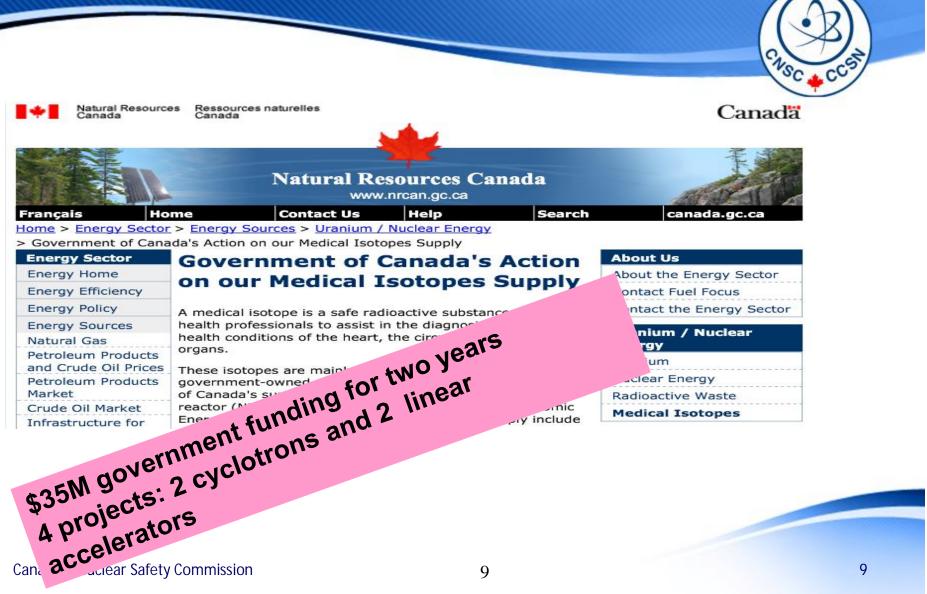
Expert Review Panel on Medical Isotope Production



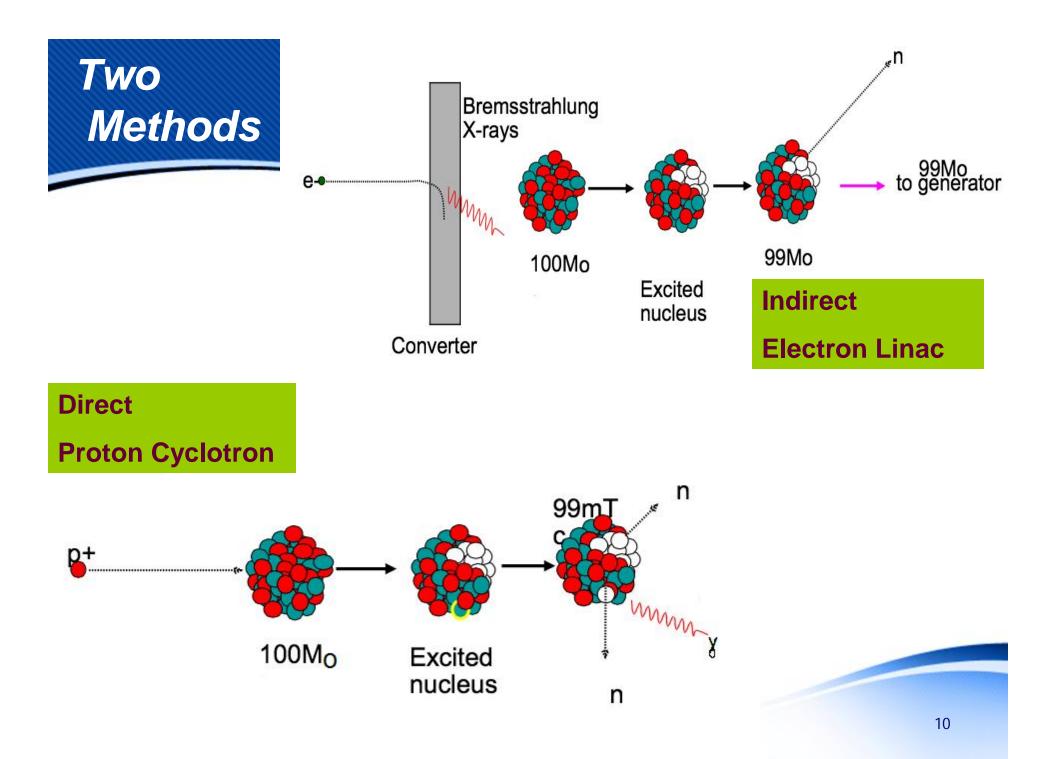


- 4 experts blue ribbon panel
- Main recommendations
 - Diversity and redundancy
 - Multi-use infrastructure
 - Discourage reliance on reactor and HEU solutions
 - Support Research and development for cyclotrons and high power linacs

Non-reactor-based Isotope Supply **Contribution Program (NISP)**



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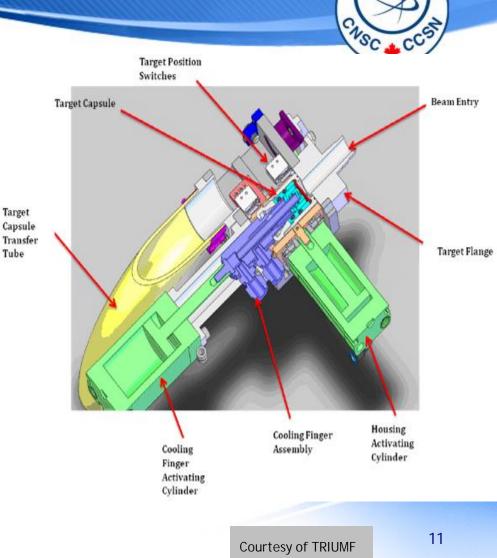
Area of Research

- Target and converter design and optimization
- Cooling capacity
- Target processing and achievable yield
- Generator design and optimization
- Mo-100 costs, availability and recycling
- **Overall process** optimization, including yield optimizations
- Work to address product regulatory requirements



Target

Tube

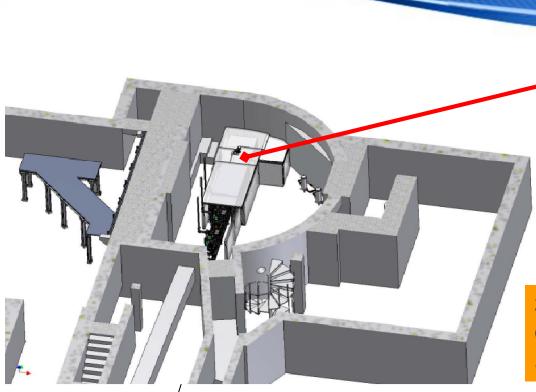


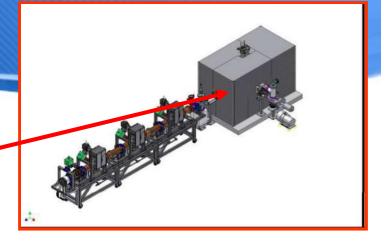
More Cyclotrons for Isotope Production Northwest Territories 25 Yukon Territory 20 Number of Facilities 15 Newfoundland and Labrador 10 Manitoba 5 Québec **Prince Edward** Island Ontario British Nova Scotia Columbia 0 Saskatchewan New Brunswick Year In operation: 18

Under construction: 2



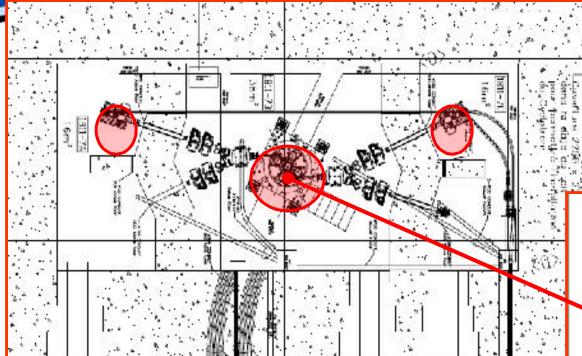
New Facility - Example





35 MeV electron linac at Canadian Light Source Inc. Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

New Facility - Example



24 MeV Proton Cyclotron at Centre hospitalier universitaire de Sherbrooke Sherbrooke, Québec

Canadian Nuclear Safety Commission

THE GLOBE AND MAIL



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Advanced Cyclotron Systems's TR24 cyclotron is delivered to Sherbrooke Uni

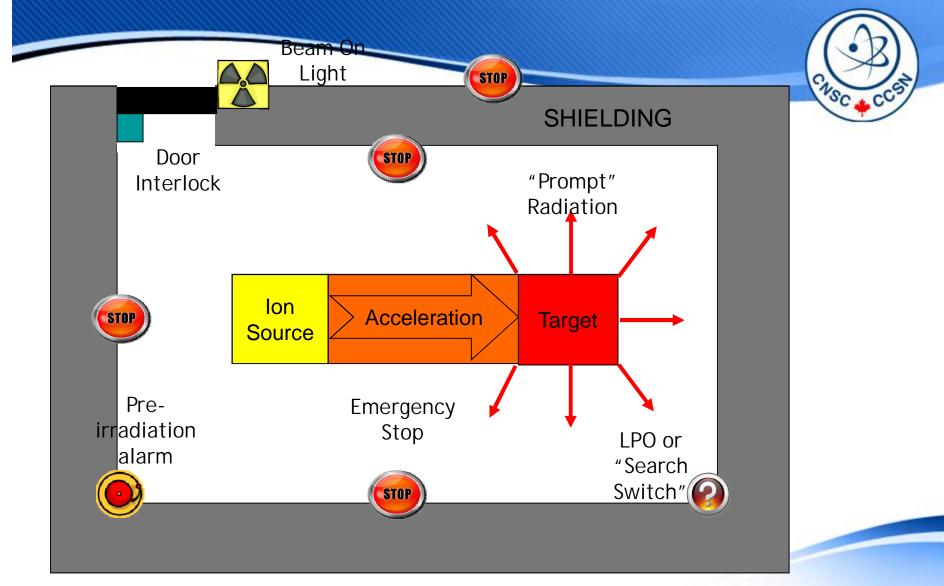
Courtesy of CHUS

DISCOVERIES Radioactive medicine without the nuclear headache

HANNAH HOAG Globe and Mail Update Published Friday, Jan. 20, 2012 4:16PM EST Last updated Monday, Feb. 20, 2012 9:28PM EST

Courtesy of CHUS

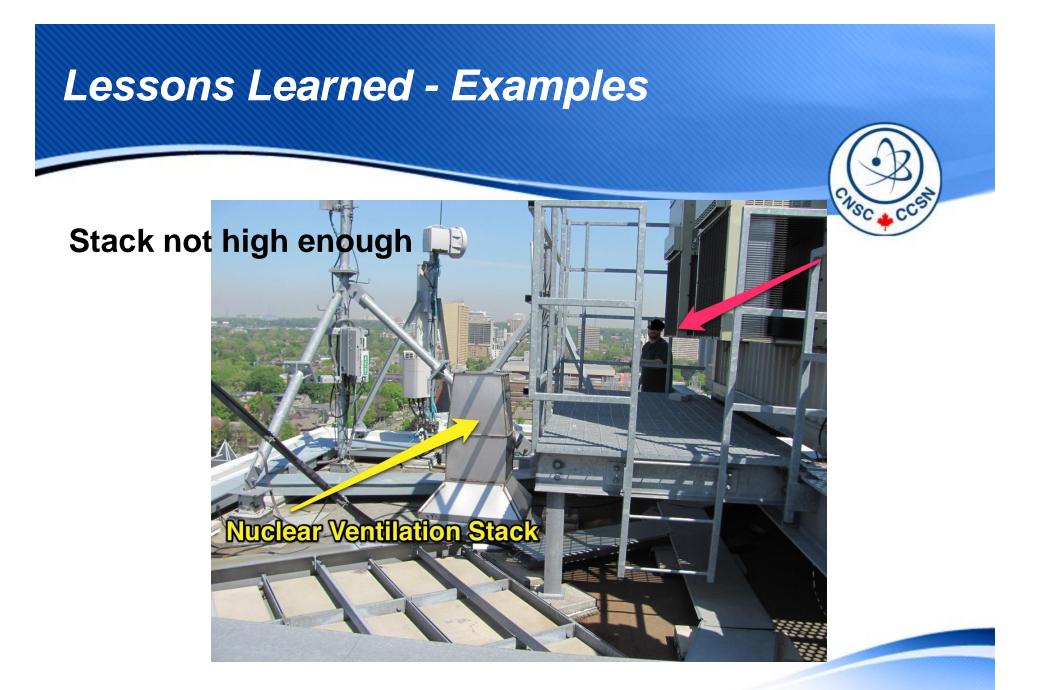
"Conventional" Safety Features



"New" Hazards

With isotope production
Higher beam intensities
Creation of dispersible radioactivity
Radioactive material processing

Need more attention to
Shielding
Residual Activation
Contamination
Control
Nuclear Ventilation

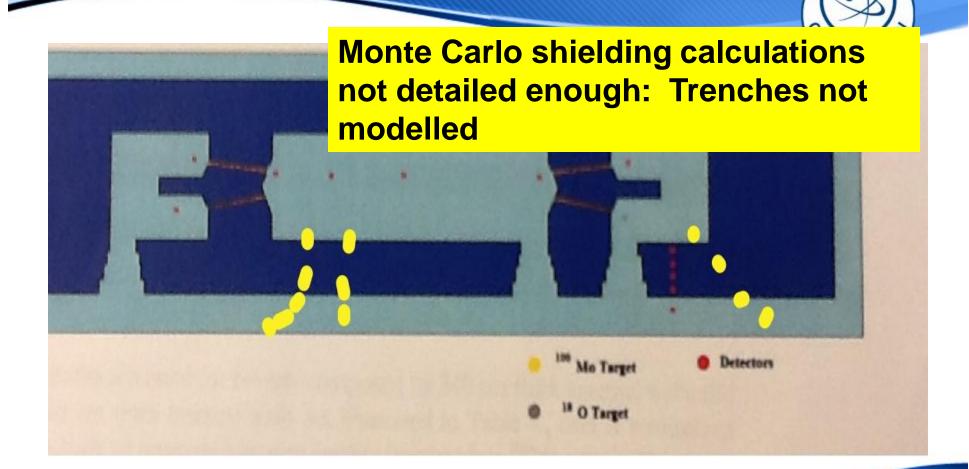


Lessons Learned - Examples

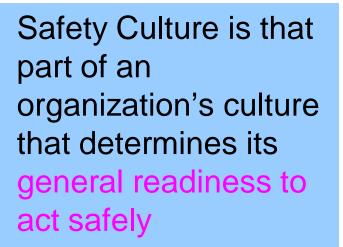


Target not cooled enough

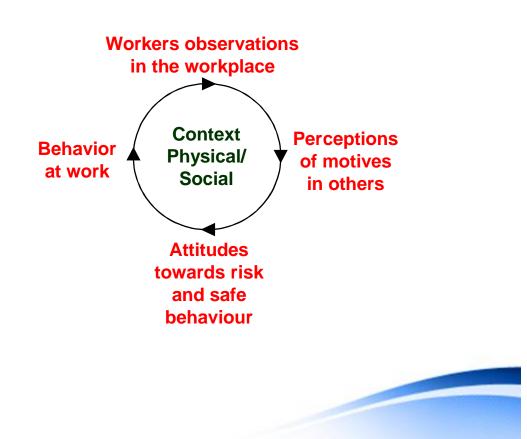
Lessons Learned - Examples



What Is Safety Culture?



It cuts across all level and all aspects of an organization's performance.

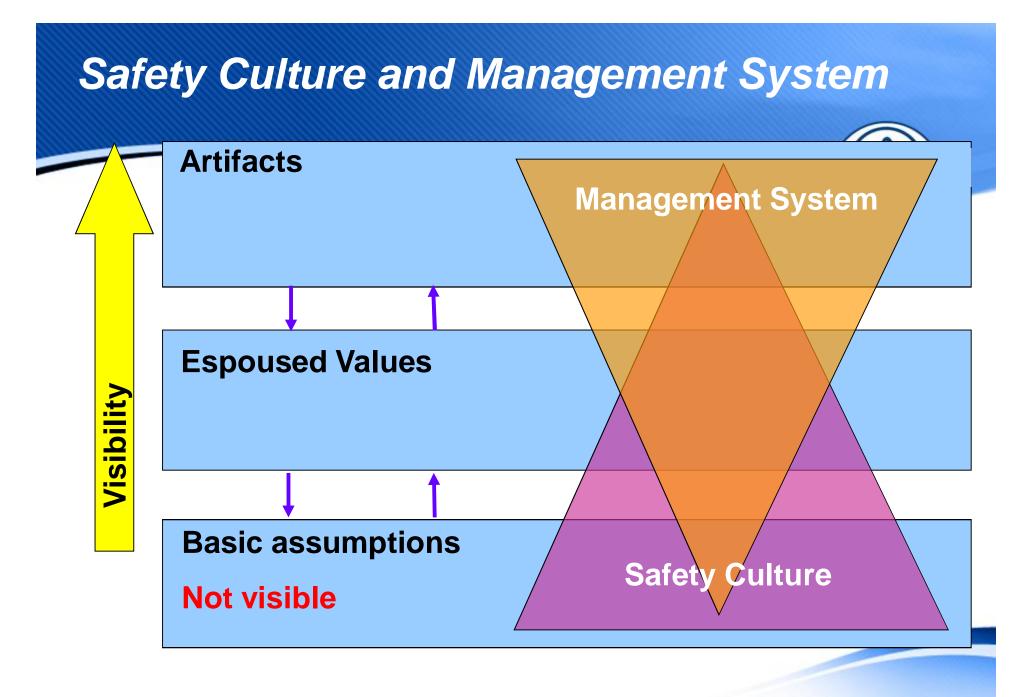


VSC .



"Safety culture refers to the characteristics of the work environment, such as the values, rules, and common understandings that influence employees' perceptions and attitudes about the importance that the organization places on safety." (CNSC definition from RD-337 / RD-367)





Thank You

Any Questions?

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