

TD18_VG2.4_Quad_#5 (1)

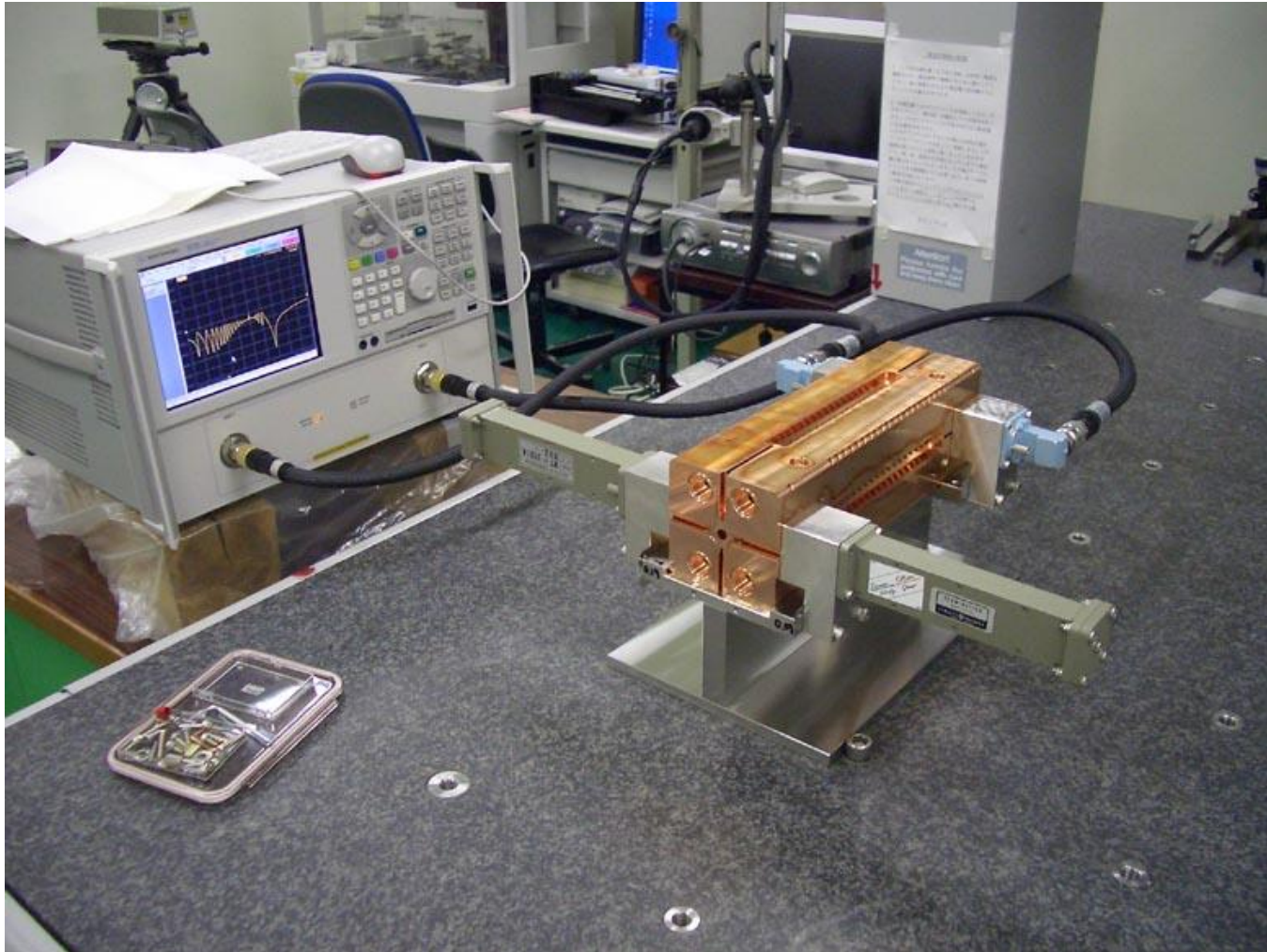
S-parameter as of machined

Feb. 6, 2009

T. Higo, K. Yokoyama, J. Zhang

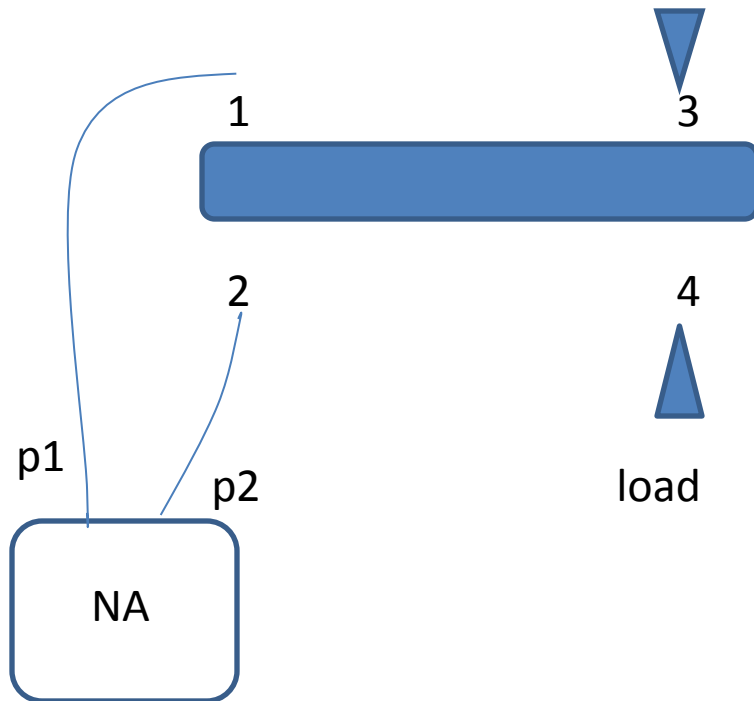
T. Takatomi, Y. Watanabe

First time measurement

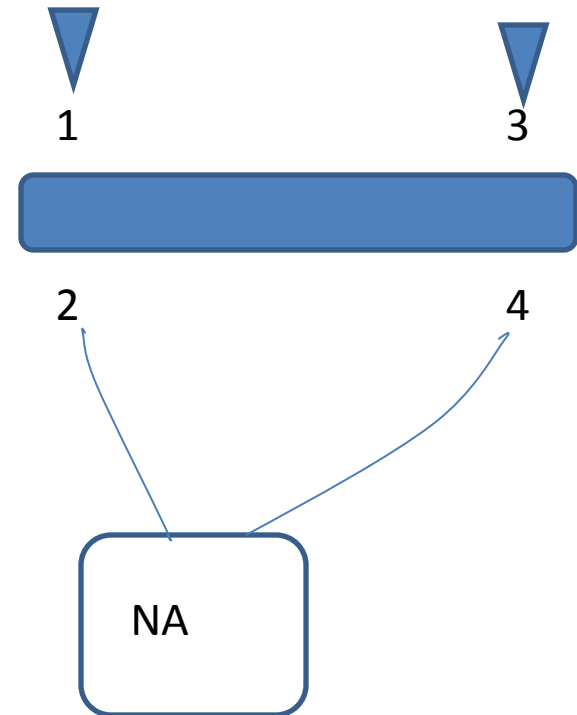


First time measurement

➤ Meas. Setup and formula



$$S_{\text{match}} = S_{11} + S_{12}$$

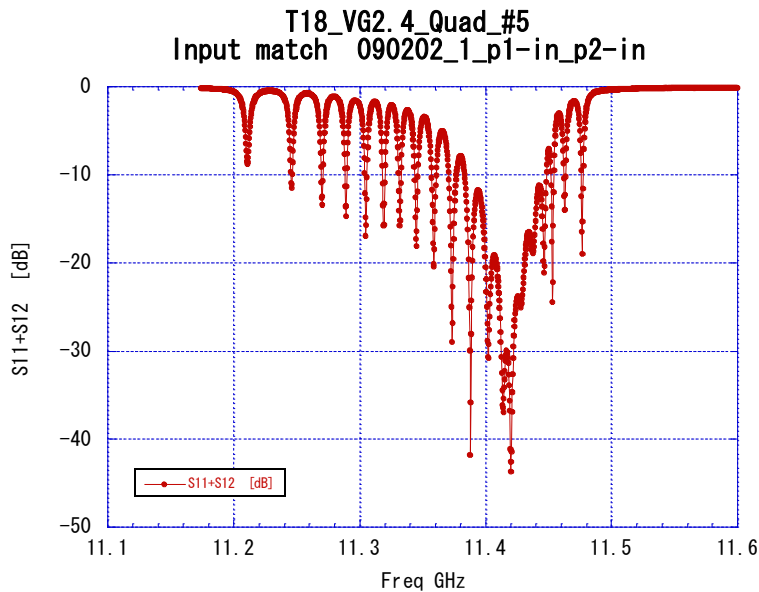


$$S_{\text{transmission}} = 2 * S_{42}$$

First time measurement

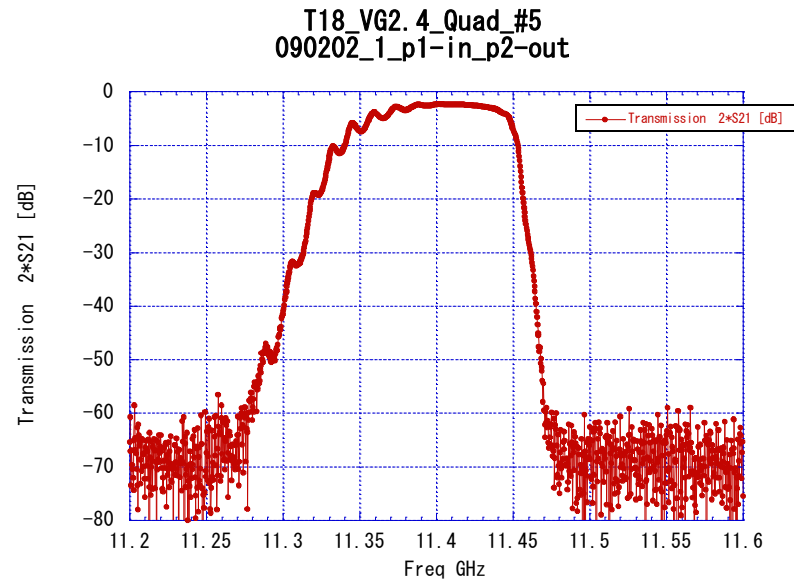
➤ Based on the formula of previous page

090202



-24dB @ 11.424GHz

090202



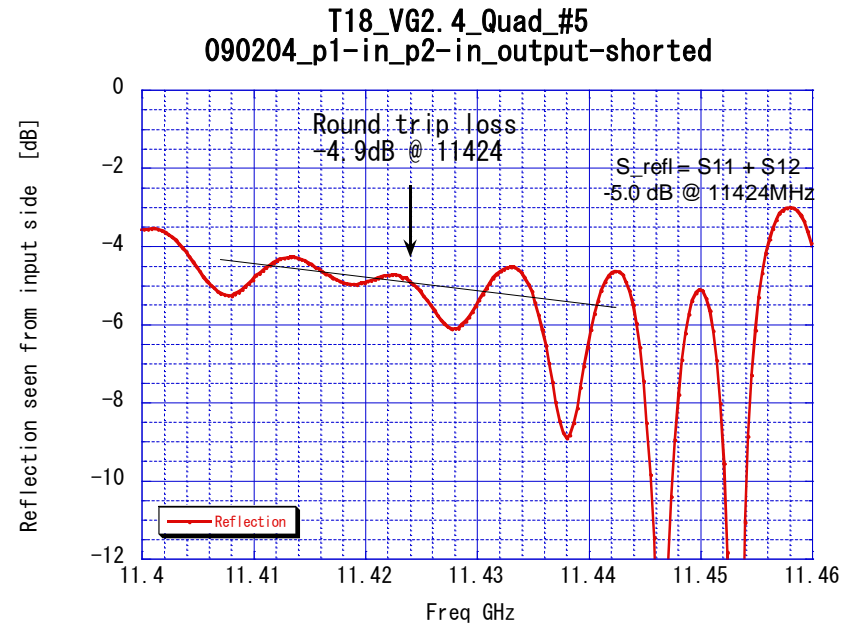
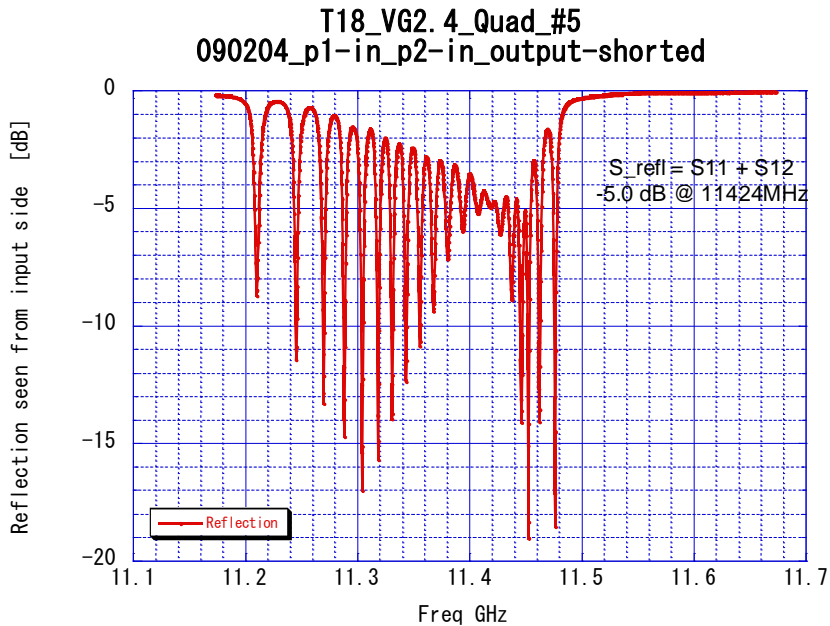
-2.56dB @ 11.424GHz

First time measurement

➤ Output ports are shorted

090204

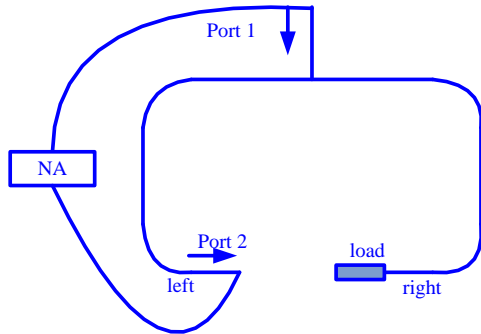
090204



Transmission loss = -2.45dB

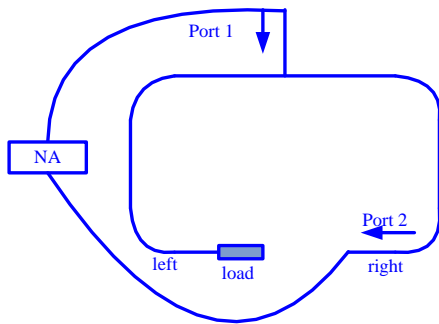
Second time measurement

➤ Hybrid calibration



$$S_{21_left} = -3.20\text{dB}$$

$$S_{21_right} = -3.26\text{dB}$$



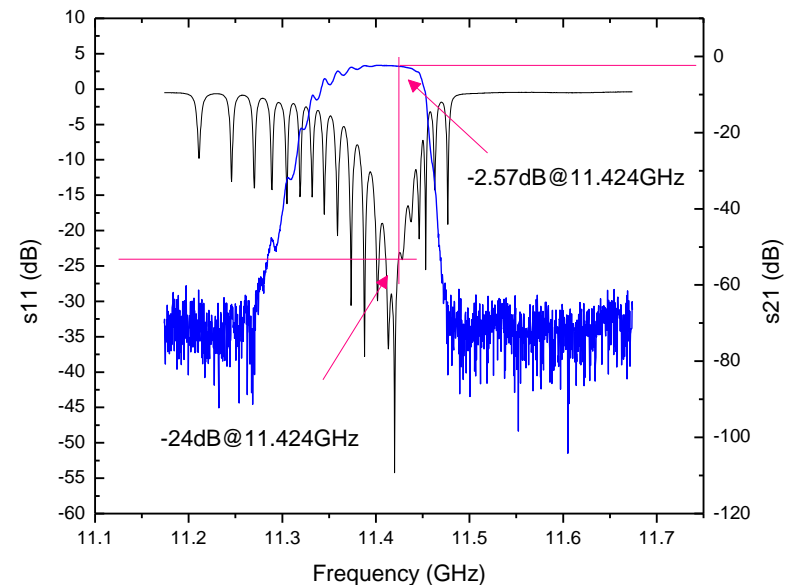
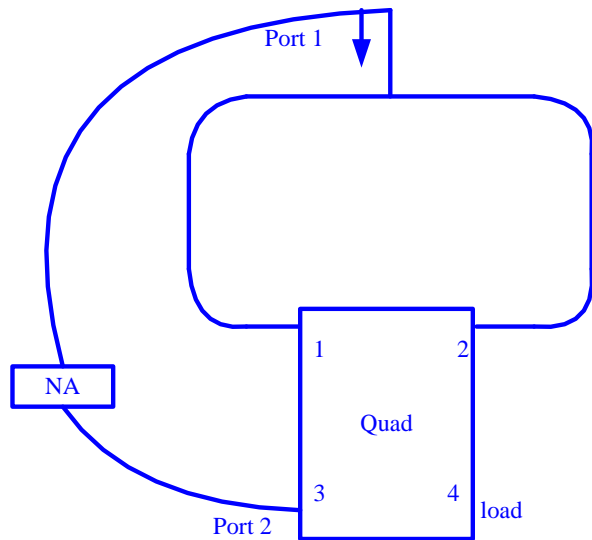
we can get the average value:

$$S_{21_average} = -3.23\text{dB}$$

Second time measurement

➤ Test results using hybrid

From the test results, we use the average value -3.23dB fitting the test data and get $S_{11}=-24\text{dB}$, $S_{21}=-2.57\text{dB}$



Comparision@11.424GHz

	Design value	First time measurement		Second time measurement
		Transmission	Short	
S11		-24dB		-24dB
S21	-1.85dB	-2.56dB	-2.45dB	-2.57dB

Transmission -2.45dB meas. by reflection
 -2.56dB meas. by transmission

Comment on transmission CERN / KEK

- CERN case from Riccardo (mail on 090210):
- P_{in} (at the input waveguide; sum of the two input waveguides)
 P_2 at the first regular cell $P_2 = P_{in} * (1 - 0.032)$
 P_3 at the output regular cell $P_3 = P_2 * 0.6526 = P_{in} * (1 - 0.032) * 0.6526$
 P_{out} at the output waveguide $P_{out} = P_3 * (1 - 0.032) = P_{in} * (1 - 0.032)^2 * 0.6526 = P_{in} * 0.6115$
- which corresponds to $\tau = 0.246$ or to $S_{21} = -2.136$ dB
- Measurements at CERN for TD18_quad made in CERN give -2.23 dB.

- Comparing to this, KEK quad gives 2.56dB measured in transmission mode. About 0.33dB more attenuation due to some reason.
- $-2.56\text{dB} = \tau = 0.295 \rightarrow Q/Q \sim 83\%$ is all attributed to $\tau \sim 1/Q$

Quad #5 low power measurement (2)

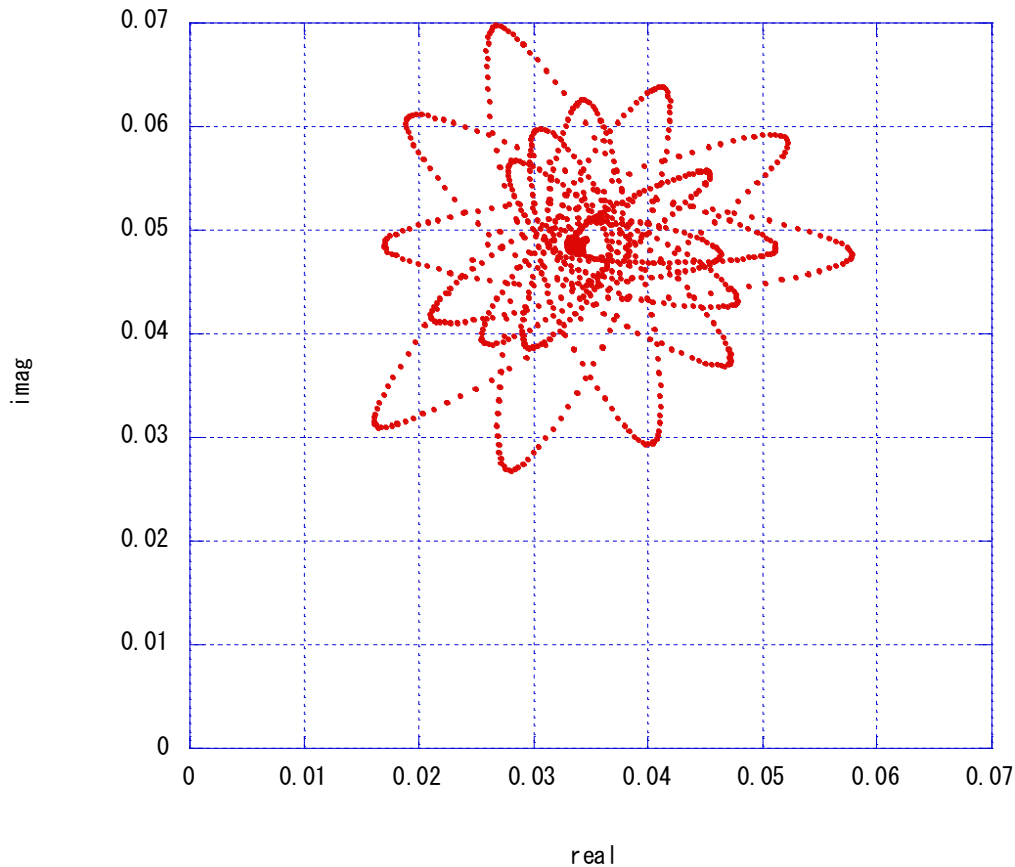
Bead pull as of machined

Feb. 10, 2009

T. Higo, K. Yokoyama and J. Zhang

at 11424MHz

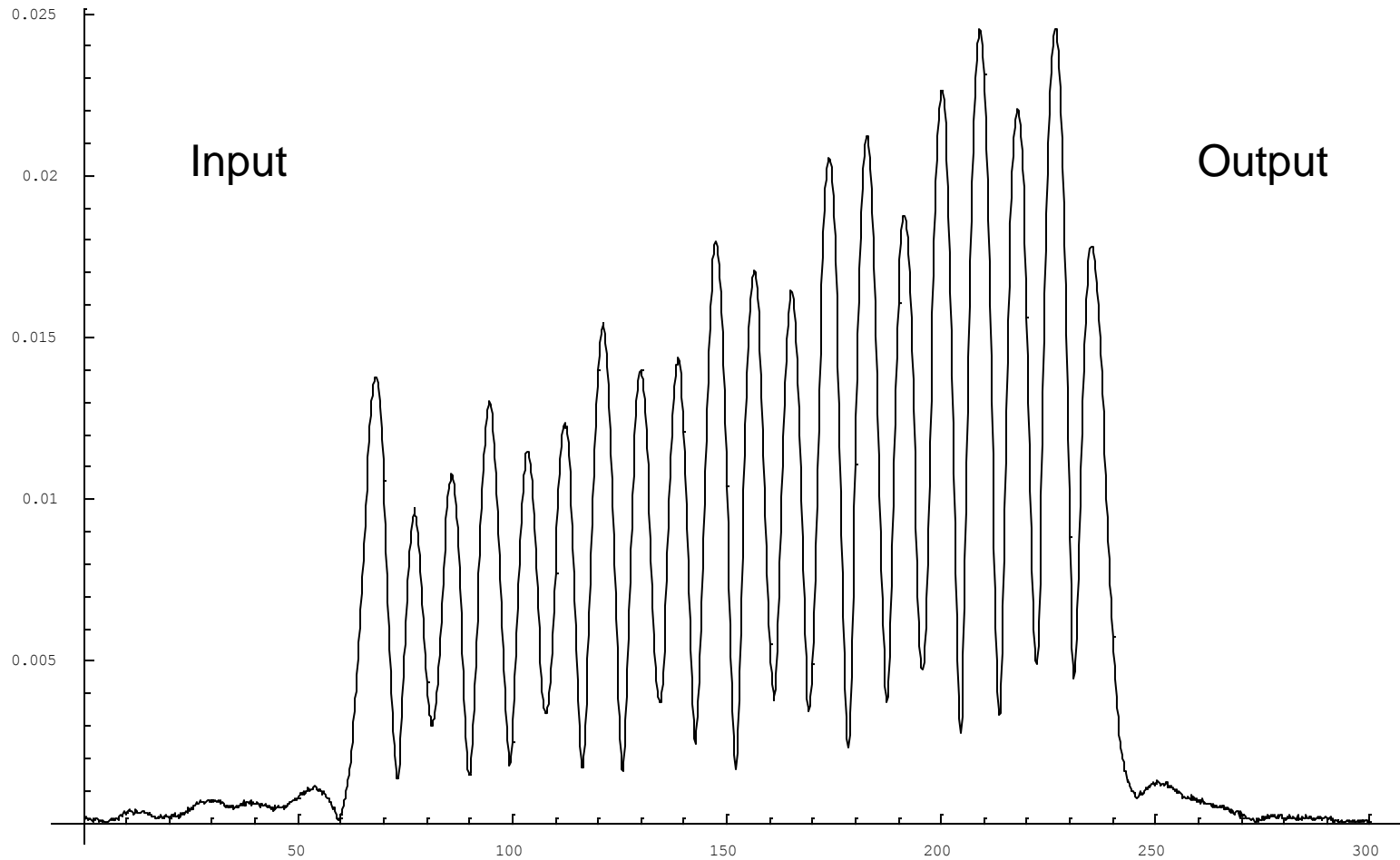
Quad_BeadPull_20090210-1



Measurement
N5230A F_IF=1kHz, 3pts
Freq=11424MHz
Tcavity=20.9C
Pulse motor step ~ 0.2mm
RF Input from input coupler side

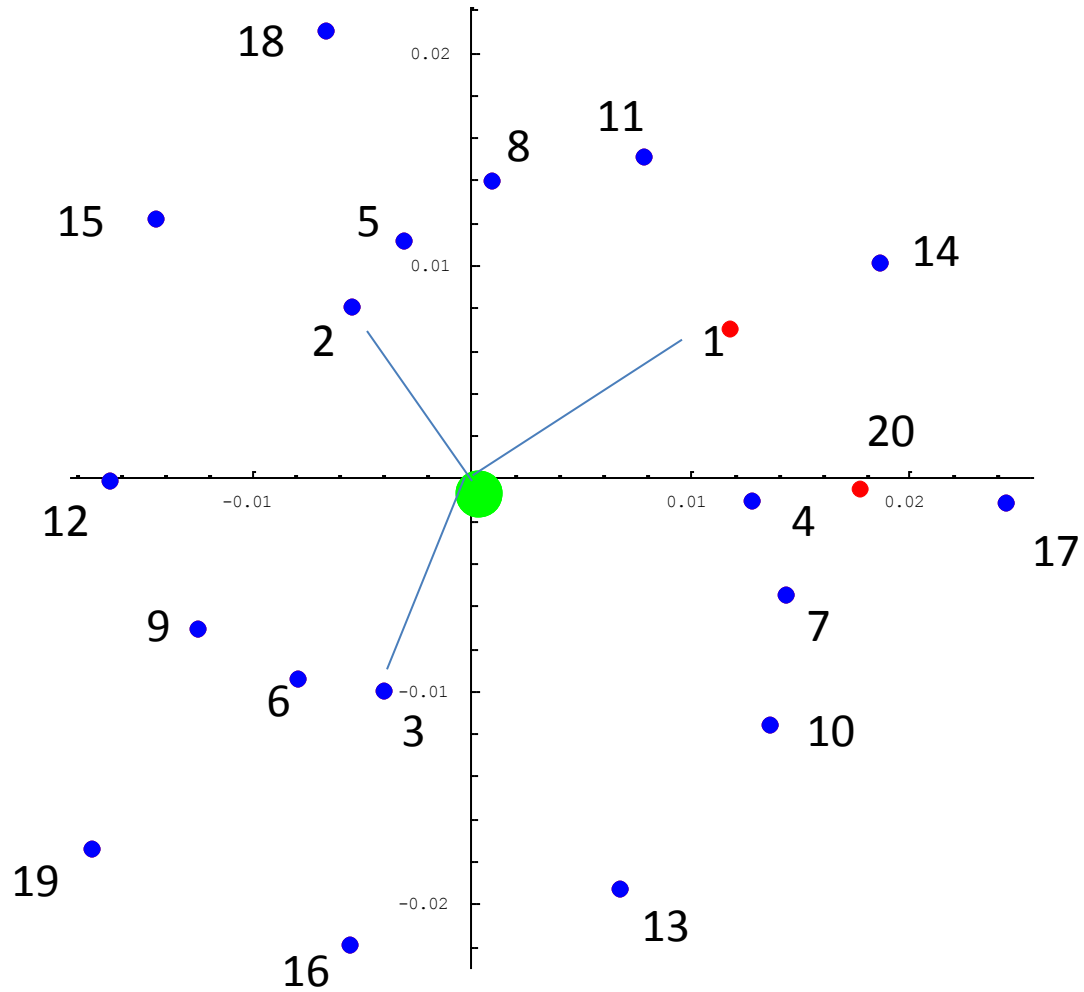
Bead reflection amplitude

Amplitude versys Z-position



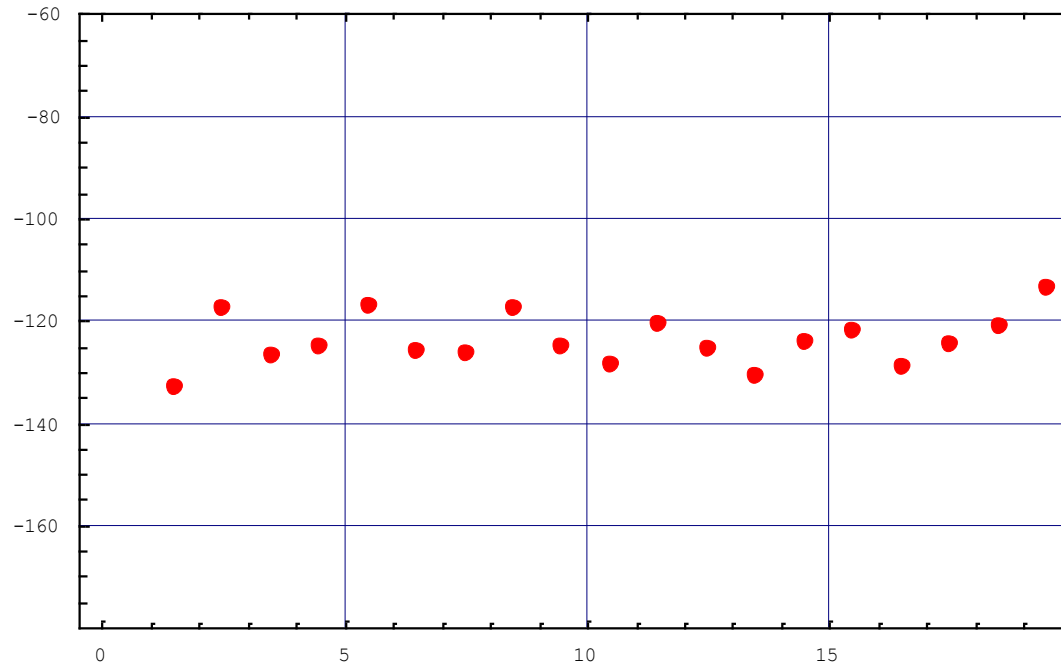
Dwell points

Dwell point BLUE= regular cells, RED=end cells, GRN=cntr of rglr



Phase advance

Phase advance per cell



Average phase advance = 124 deg/cell

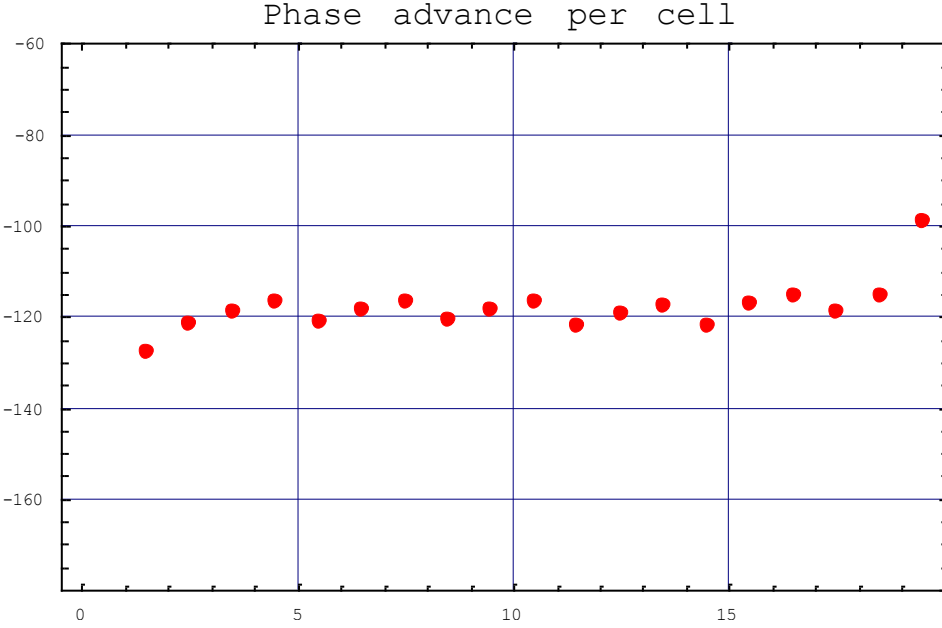
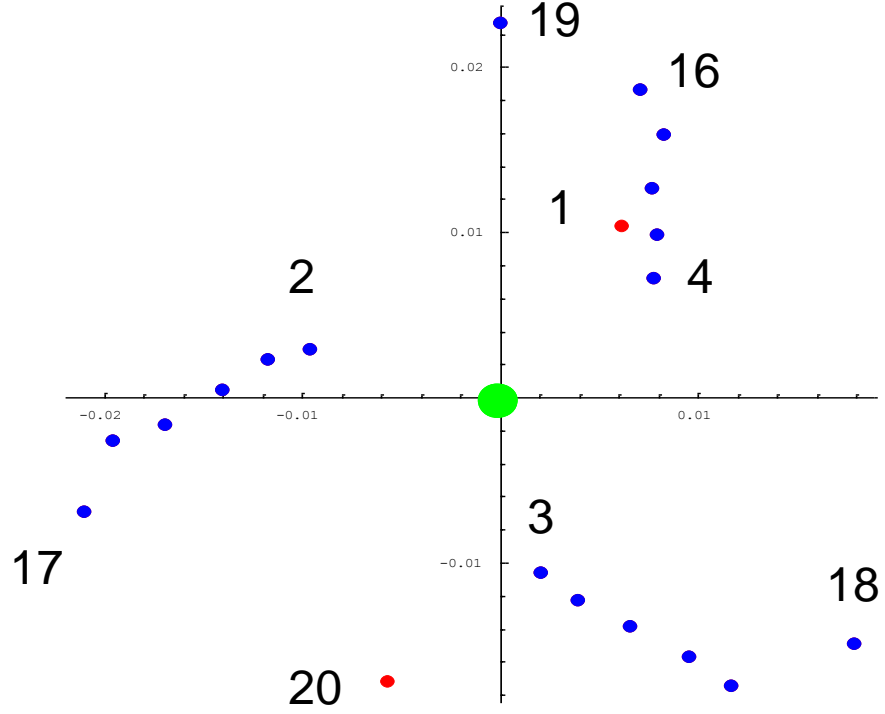


$$dF \sim (4/120) * 11424 * 0.0138 \sim (11424 - 5.4) \sim 11418.6 \text{ MHz}$$

$vg/c=0.0138$ is the value which makes both results measured at 11424 and 11416 the same with each other.

Meas. At 11416MHz, 20.3degC

Dwell point BLUE= regular cells, RED=end cells, GRN=cntr of rglr

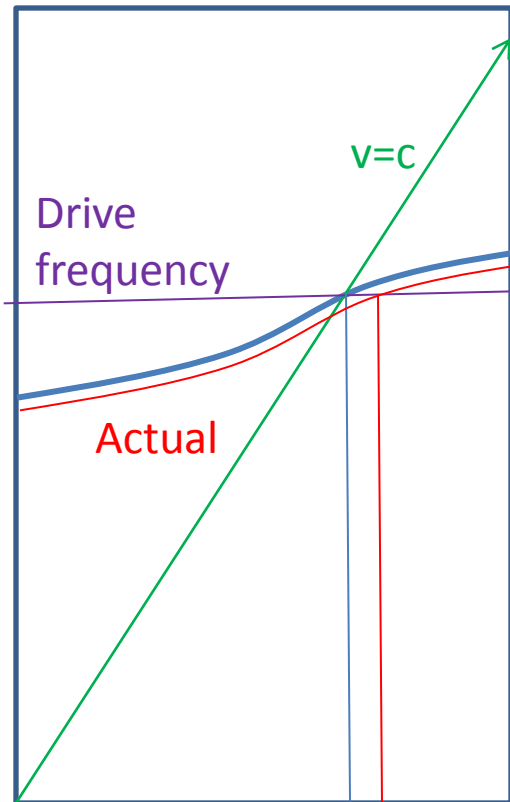


Average phase advance per cell
-118.086 degrees / cell

Average phase advance = 118.1 deg/cell

$dF \sim (1.9/120) * 11424 * 0.0138 \sim (11416 + 2.6) \sim 11418.6\text{MHz}$

Frequency results from these two meas.



Measurement at $T=21^{\circ}\text{C}$, $H=50\%$, in air. \rightarrow Operation at 30°C in vacuum makes the resonant frequency $+2.0\text{MHz}$.

The frequency of the present quad #5 at operation becomes $11418.6+2$

Freq. = 11420.6MHz
with 120deg/cell at operation.
Should be tuned up by 3.4MHz !

Tuning has started this week.



- To do tuning roughly at the current frequency at 11418.6 MHz before EBW.
- To do tuning accurately at the operation frequency after EBW of cooling connection.

Follow up

- Additional measurement by KEK at 11418.6 MHz for confirmation.
- Further analysis of data by Jim with v_g/c and attenuation information.
- Check the frequency after EBW of cooling connection.
- Anything proposed.