# **C-Band Linac Development**

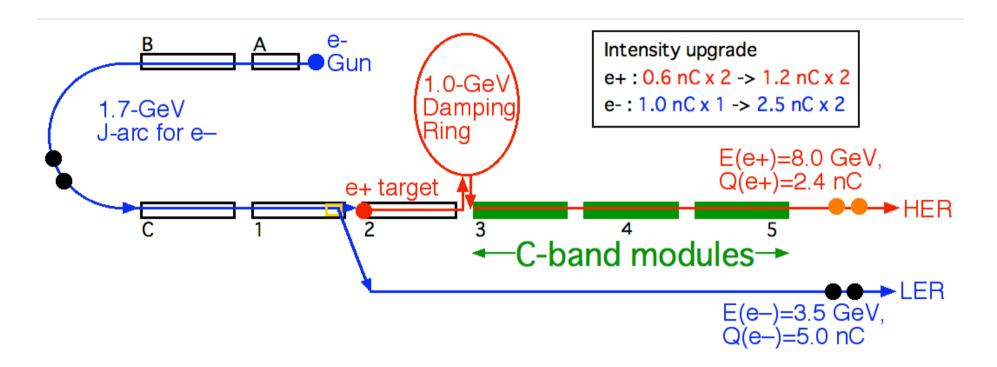
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# **Upgrade Requirements**

**SuperKEKB (1) KEKB** Beam Energy (e<sup>-</sup>) 8.0 **GeV** 3.5 **GeV** 3.5 **GeV** (e+) 8.0 GeV !! -> C-band accelerator modules **(2) SuperKEKB KEKB** Stored current (e<sup>-</sup>) 1.1 A 9.4 A !! 1.5 A --> 2.6 A ---> 4.1 A! (e<sup>+</sup>) -> e<sup>-</sup>: increase beam charge -> e<sup>+</sup>: flux concentrator (e<sup>+</sup> capture effic.)

- (3) Smaller e<sup>+</sup> emittance to fit for IR & C-band module apertures
  -> e<sup>+</sup> damping ring
- (4) Faster e<sup>+</sup>/e<sup>-</sup> mode-switching for Continunous e<sup>+</sup>/e<sup>-</sup> Injection
  - -> separated e<sup>+</sup>/e<sup>-</sup> beam lines
  - -> non-destructive beam monitoring

# **Upgrade Scheme**

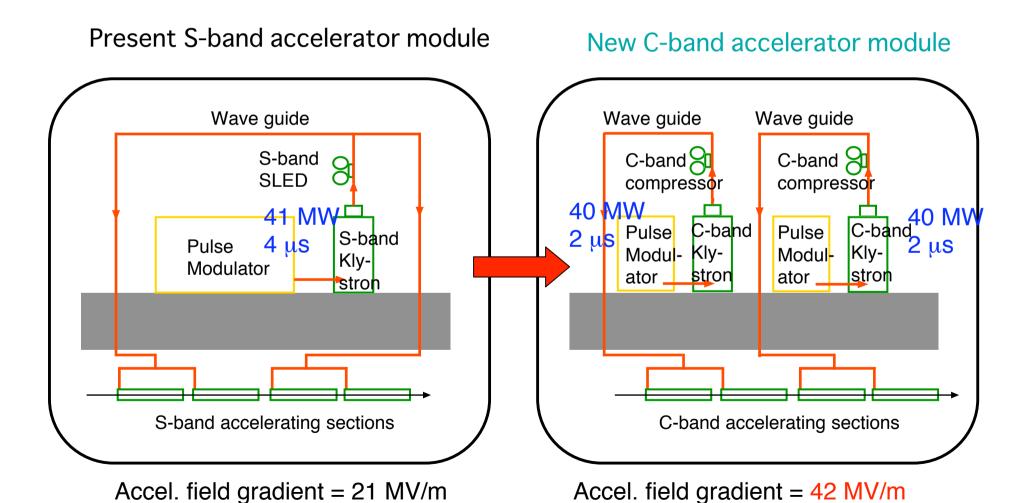


• e<sup>+</sup> energy is boosted by the C-band (5712MHz) accelerator modules.

-8.0 GeV ~ 21 MV/m (S-band modules) x 46 m + 42 MV/m (C-band modules) x 185 m

## Linac Accelerator module

#### (From S-band To C-band)

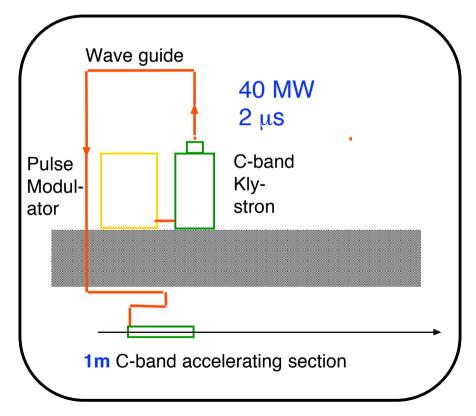


#### C-Band Accelerator module

#### First acceleration test

Target field gradient = 42 MV/m

for e+8 GeV injection



Accel. field gradient = 42 MV/m

# R & D strategy of accel. section

- 1. An accelerating section whose dimension is 1/2-scale of that of the present S-band section is adopted as a first prototype in order to take the shortest path to the high power test of all the components in the C-band accelerator module.
- No special cure considered against multi-bunch wake field effects (like damped structure or choke mode cavity) because
  - the number of bunch is at most 2
  - e<sup>+</sup> bunch intensity is low (1.2 nC)
  - bunch interval is long (96 ns)

## C-band accel. section (First prototype)

54 regular cells iris diameter 2a: group velocity  $v_a$ : 1.9 ~ 1.0 % field gradient E<sub>acc</sub>:

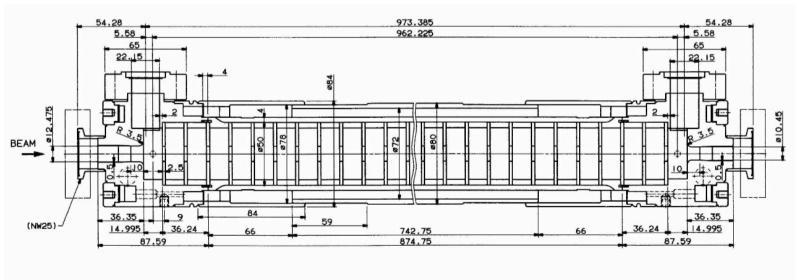
1m-long

12.44 ~ 10.41 mm

shunt impedance  $r_0$ : 74.8 ~ 85.3 M $\Omega$ /m

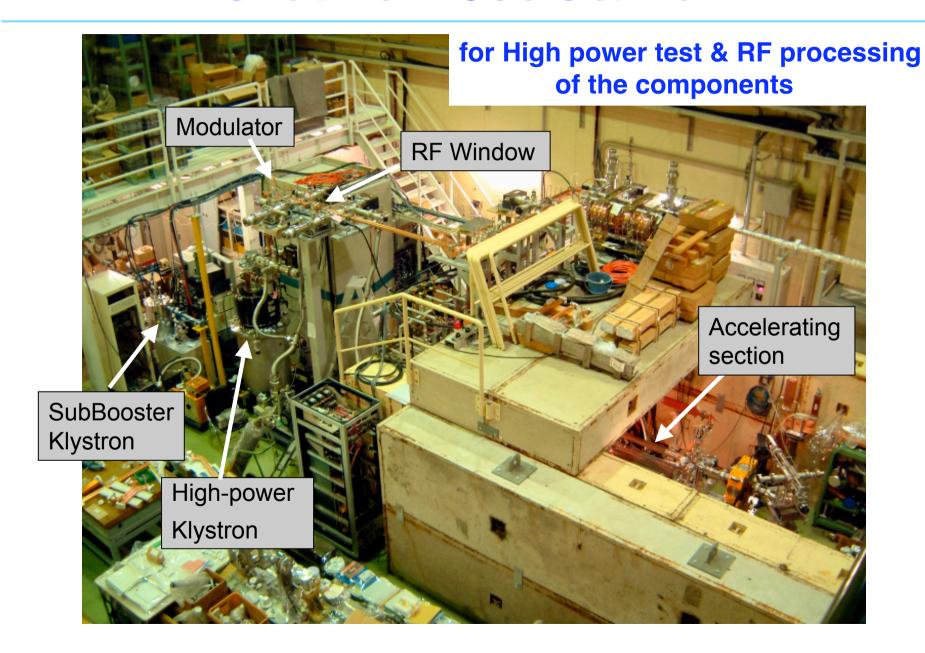
41.2 ~ 39.0 MV/m

(assuming 40 MW klystron power)

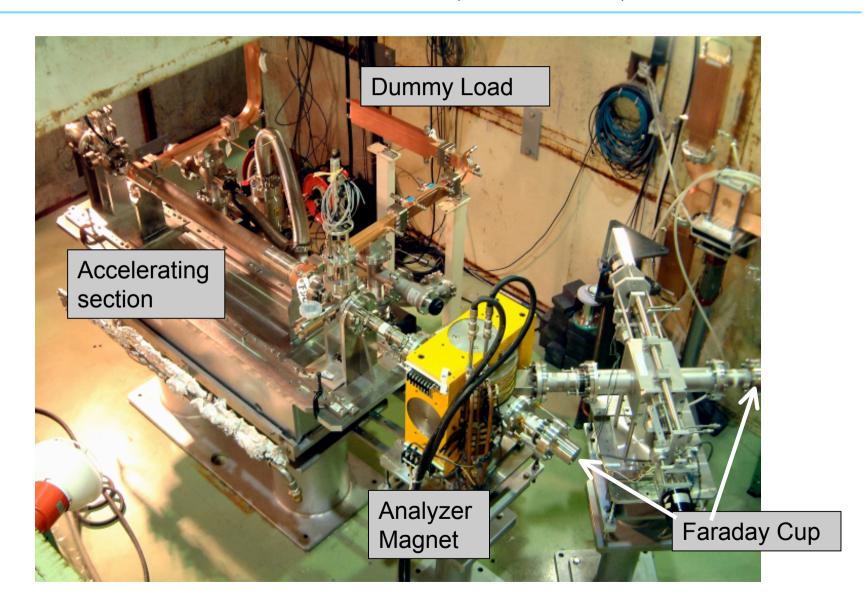


Filling Time  $t_F = 234$  nsec Attn. Constant  $\tau = 0.434$ 

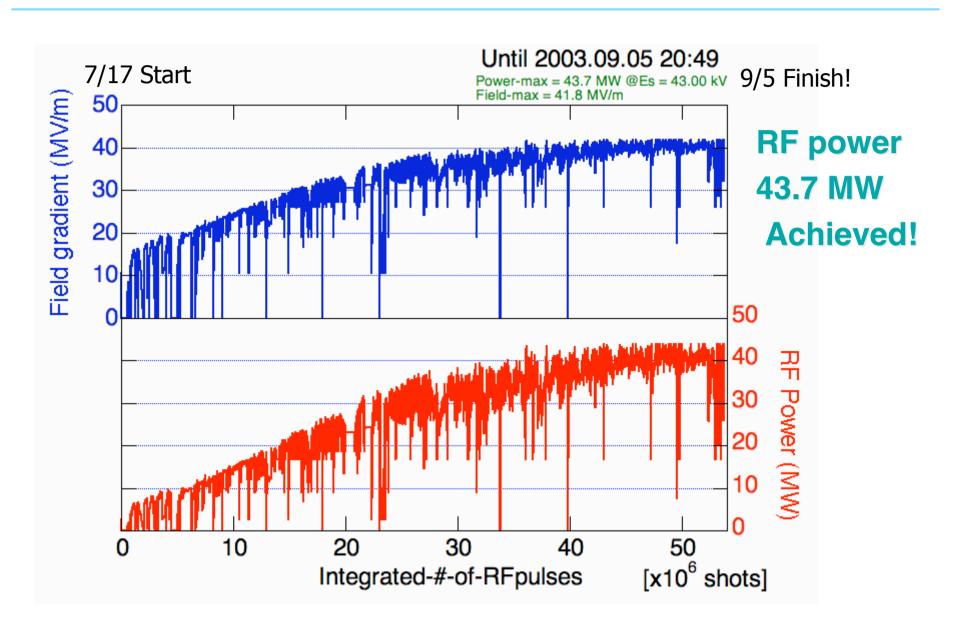
### **C-band Test Stand**



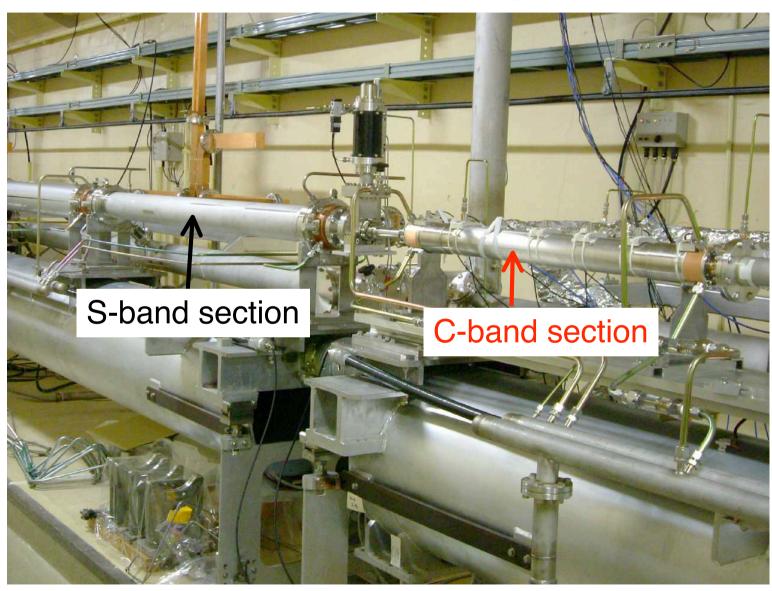
# Test Stand (inside)



# RF processing History



# C-band accel. section installed in KEKB linac (2003 September)

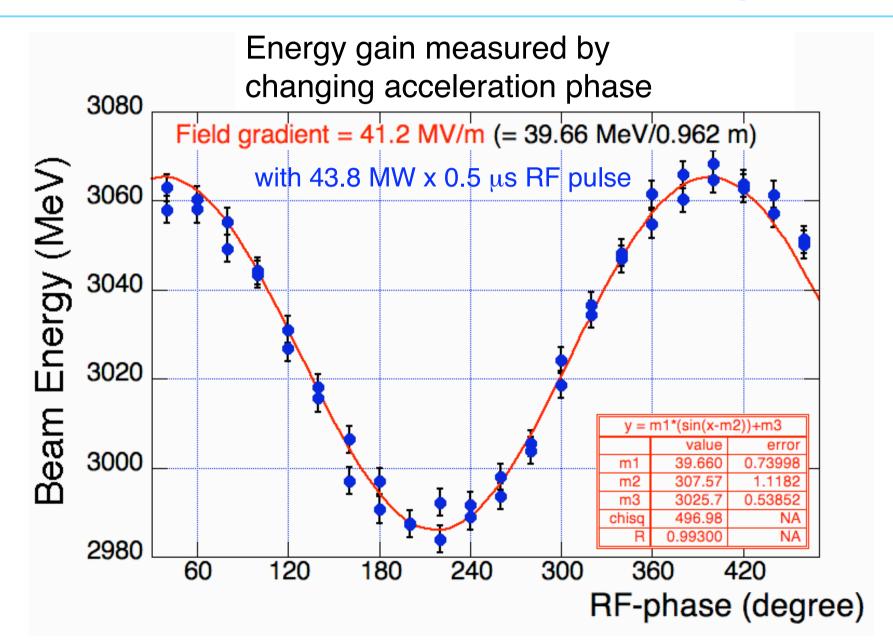


## High power C-band (5712MHz)



- (A) Compact pulse modulator for klystron (350kV, 310A,  $2\mu$ sec. (flat top), 50Hz).
- (B) 50MW high-power klystron (Toshiba E3748) assembly.
- (C) Waveguide to the C-band accelerator section.

# Beam acceleration study



#### C-band R & D items

- Klystron -> Toshiba E3746, High Power Test OK
- Modulator -> compact (1/3 size), OK except inverter P.S. trouble
- Low power RF -> sub-booster OK, solid-state amp.?
- RF pulse compressor -> HPT in July 2004
- Accelerating section -> 1st prototype 41 MV/m,

breakdown at input coupler

2nd prototype HPT in July 2004

#### Other RF components

RF windowHPT OK

– Dummy loadHPT OK

3-dB hybrid power divider
 HPT OK

– Wave guide flangeHPT OK

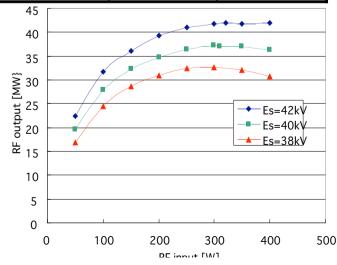
RF gate valve under consideration

# Toshiba E3746 klystron assembly

- Toshiba E3746 klystron (50MW) is adopted. Conventional 1:15 pulse-transformer (used at klystron gallery) is reused.

#### **Requirements for rf source**

	S-band	C-band
RF output	41 MW	40 MW
Typical charging voltage	42 kV	41 kV
Typical applied voltage	290 kV	325 kV
Pulse duration	4 μs	2μs
Accelerating gradient	(21 MV/m)	(42 MV/m)

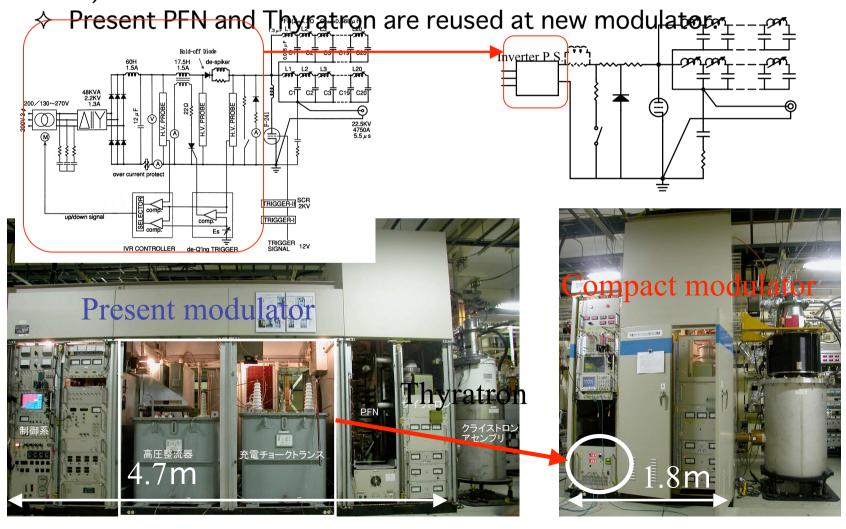






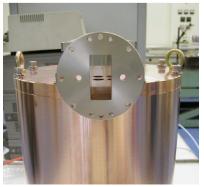
## **Compact modulator**

♦ By using invertor P.S., the modulator size can be 1/3 (4.7 m->1.8 m).



# RF pulse compressor



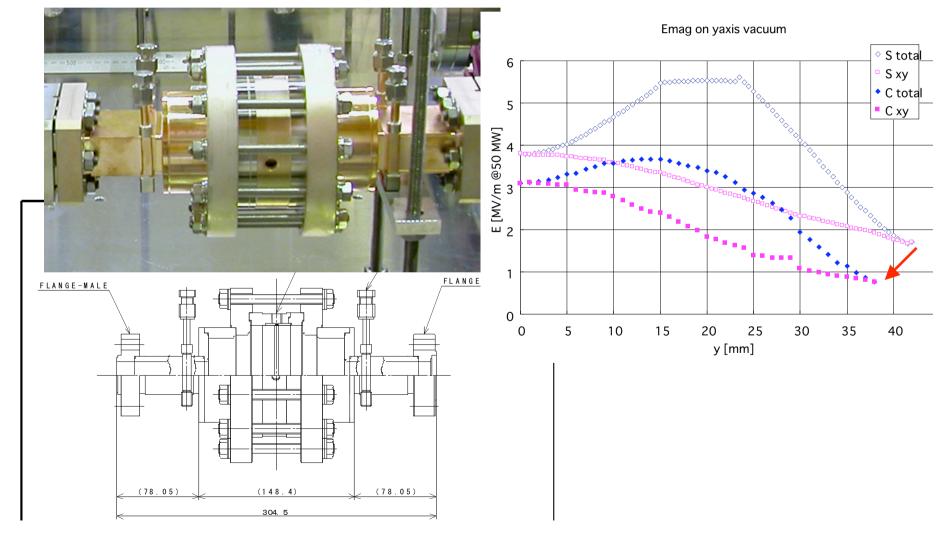


Low power model

- CERN-LIPS type of pulse compressor (TE038-mode cavity)
- $Q_0 = 142,000$  (measured)
- Coupling beta =  $6 \sim 7$
- Power multiplication ~ 3.4
- Study with low power model is under way to fix coupling hole dimension.
- High power test in July 2004

#### Mix-mode rf window

- ♦ Mix-mode (TE11+TM11) window with traveling wave in ceramic.
- ♦ The electric field at the periphery is half of the S-band window.



# **Dummy load**

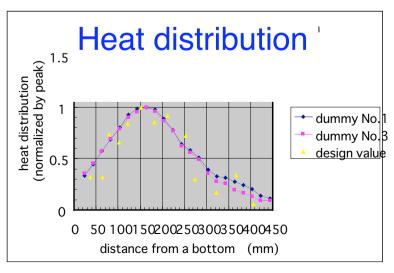




Newly designed 2kW Matsumoto-type dummy load

- 26 SiC cylinders
- SiC diameter 12 mm

High power test OK up to 2 kW!



# Summary

 C-band R & D is in progress. High power test of the prototype C-band accelerator module has been performed since October 2003. Most of the components are working well. (Remaining issues) Breakdown at input coupler

2nd prototype HPT in July 2004

Inverter P.S. troubles RF pulse compressor

HPT in July 2004